

Power & Balance: Mitochondrial Homeostasis in Aging

Assistant Prof. Fabian Finger

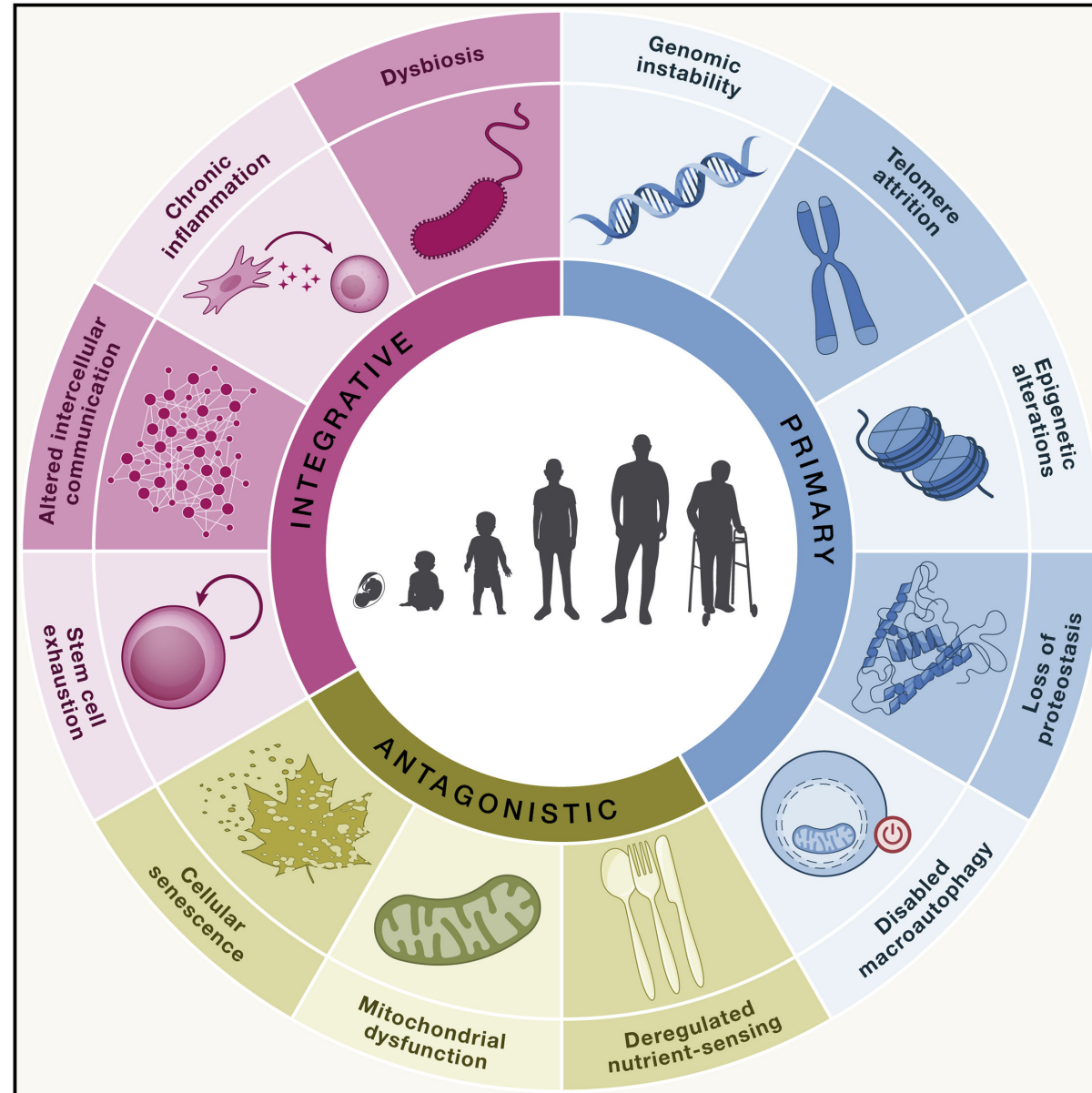
Dept. Biomedical Sciences
Faculty of Health and Medical Sciences
University of Copenhagen

PhD Course:

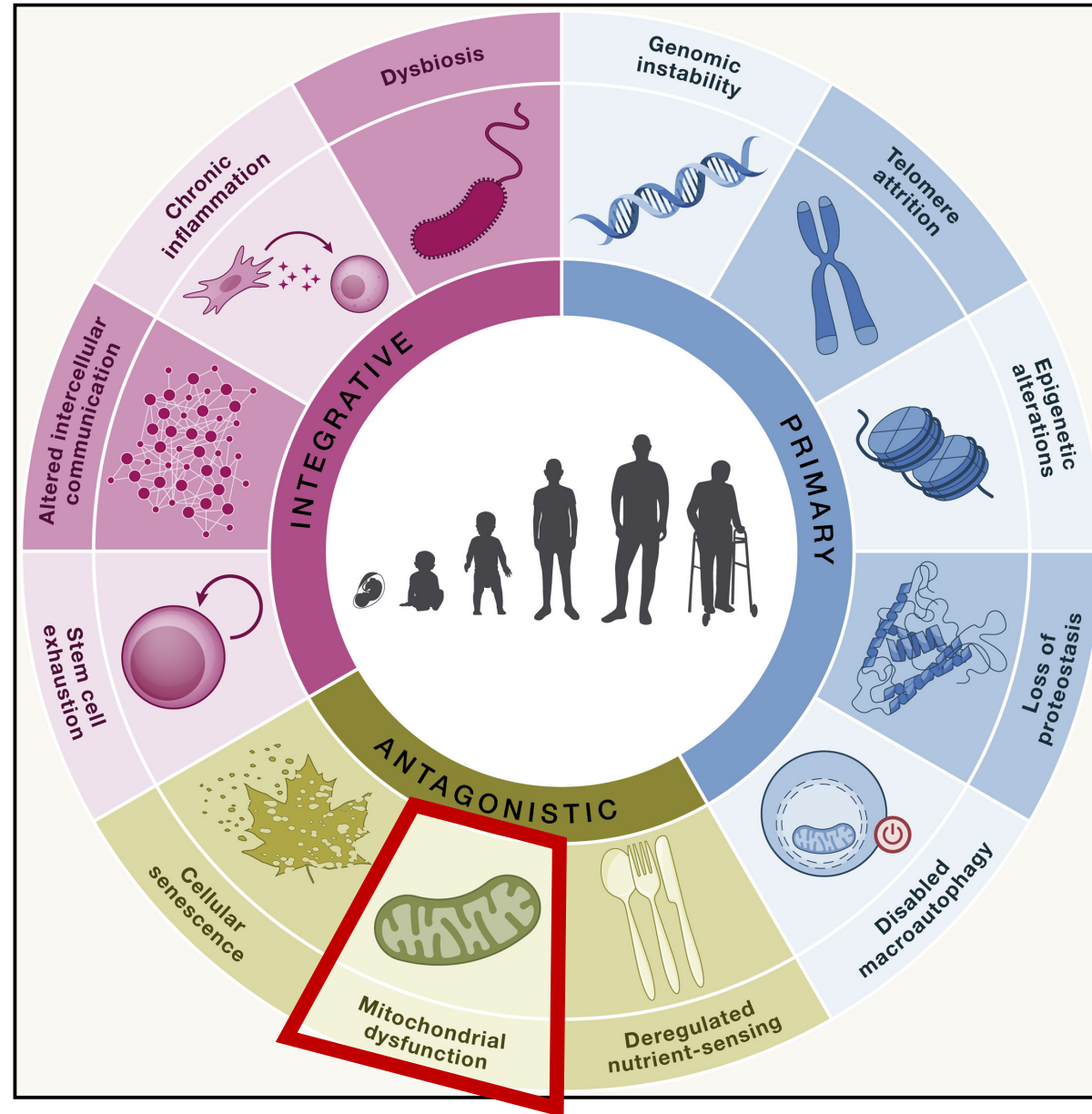
Why do we age?

Molecular and Cellular Mechanisms of Aging

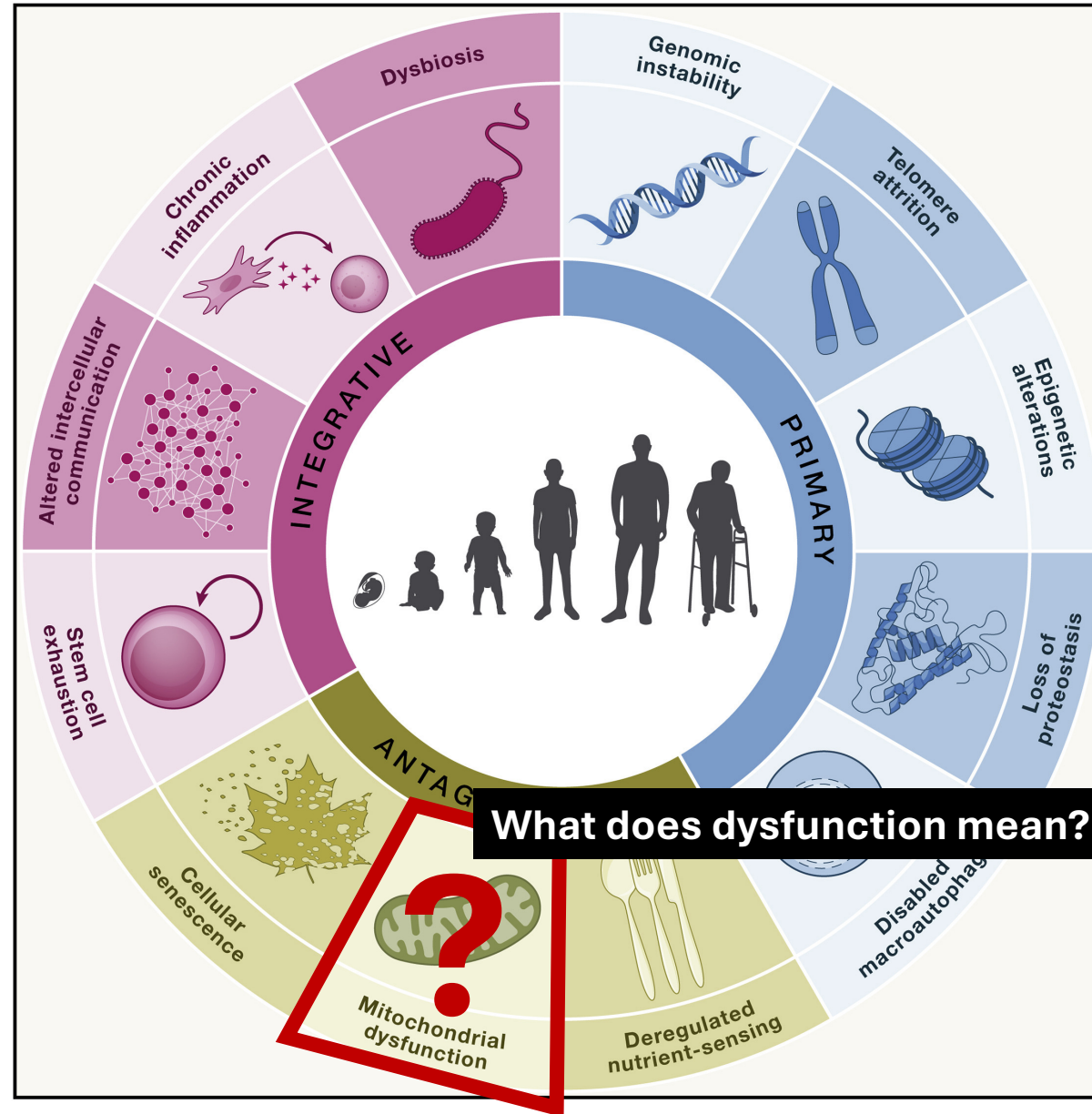
Hallmarks of Aging



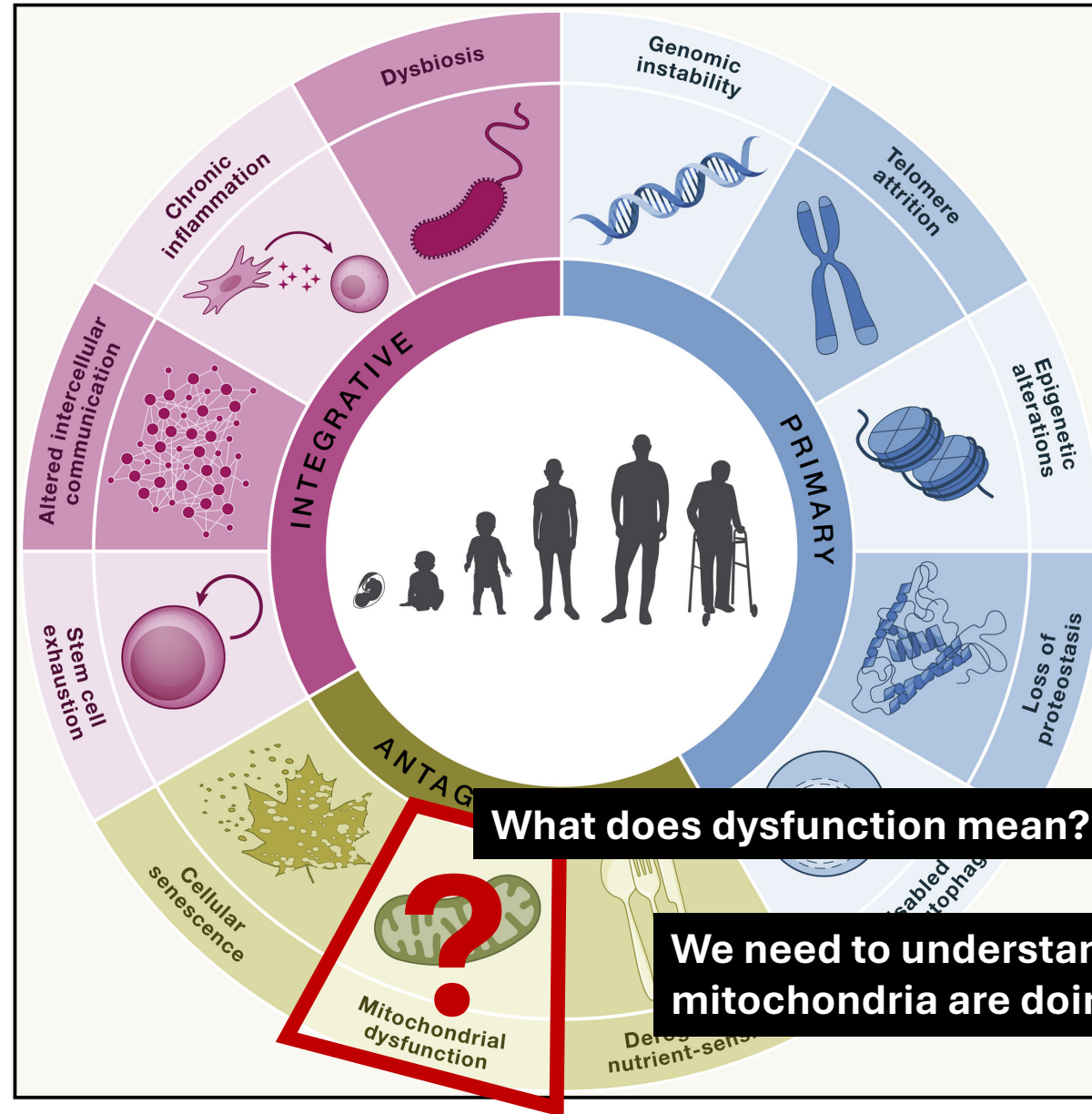
Hallmarks of Aging



Hallmarks of Aging



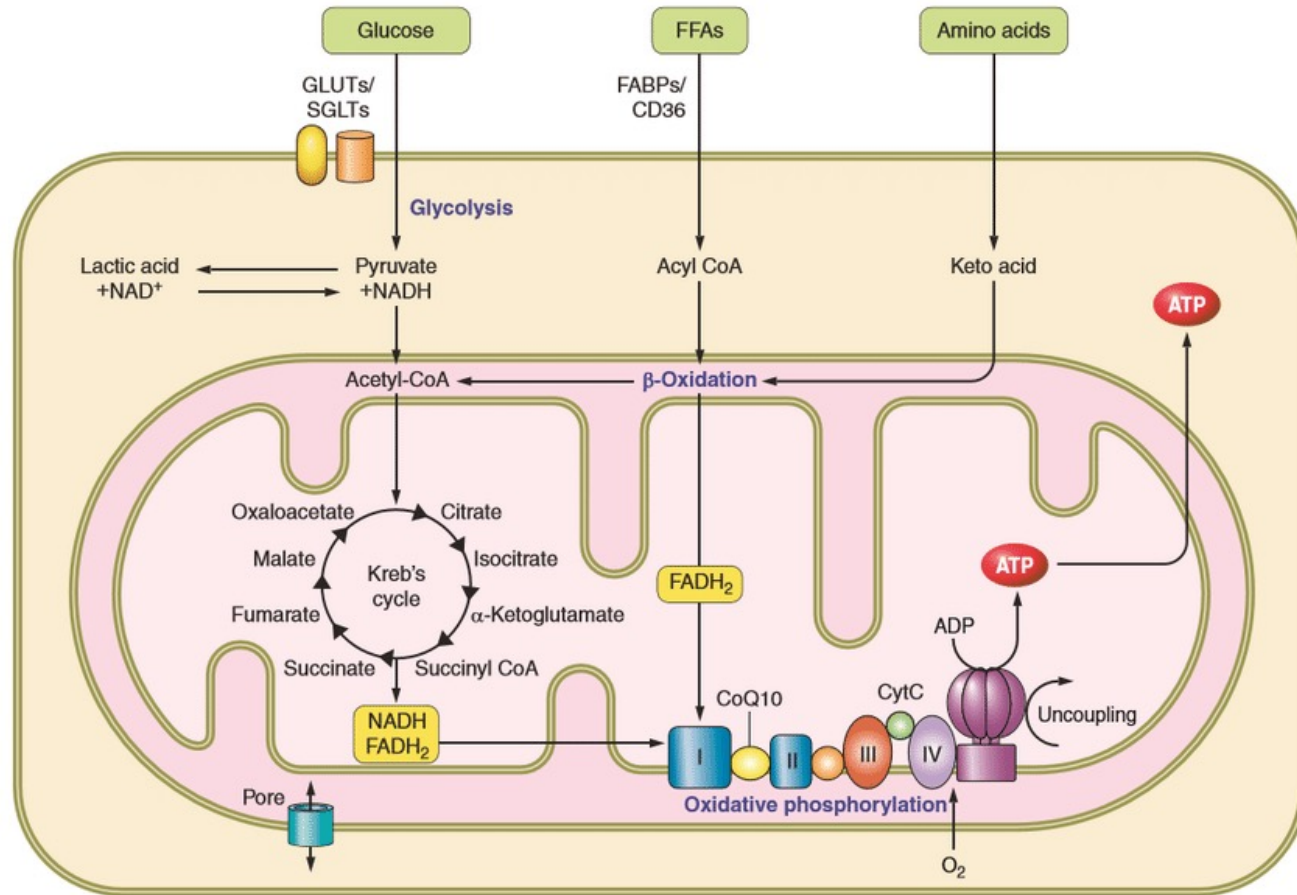
Hallmarks of Aging



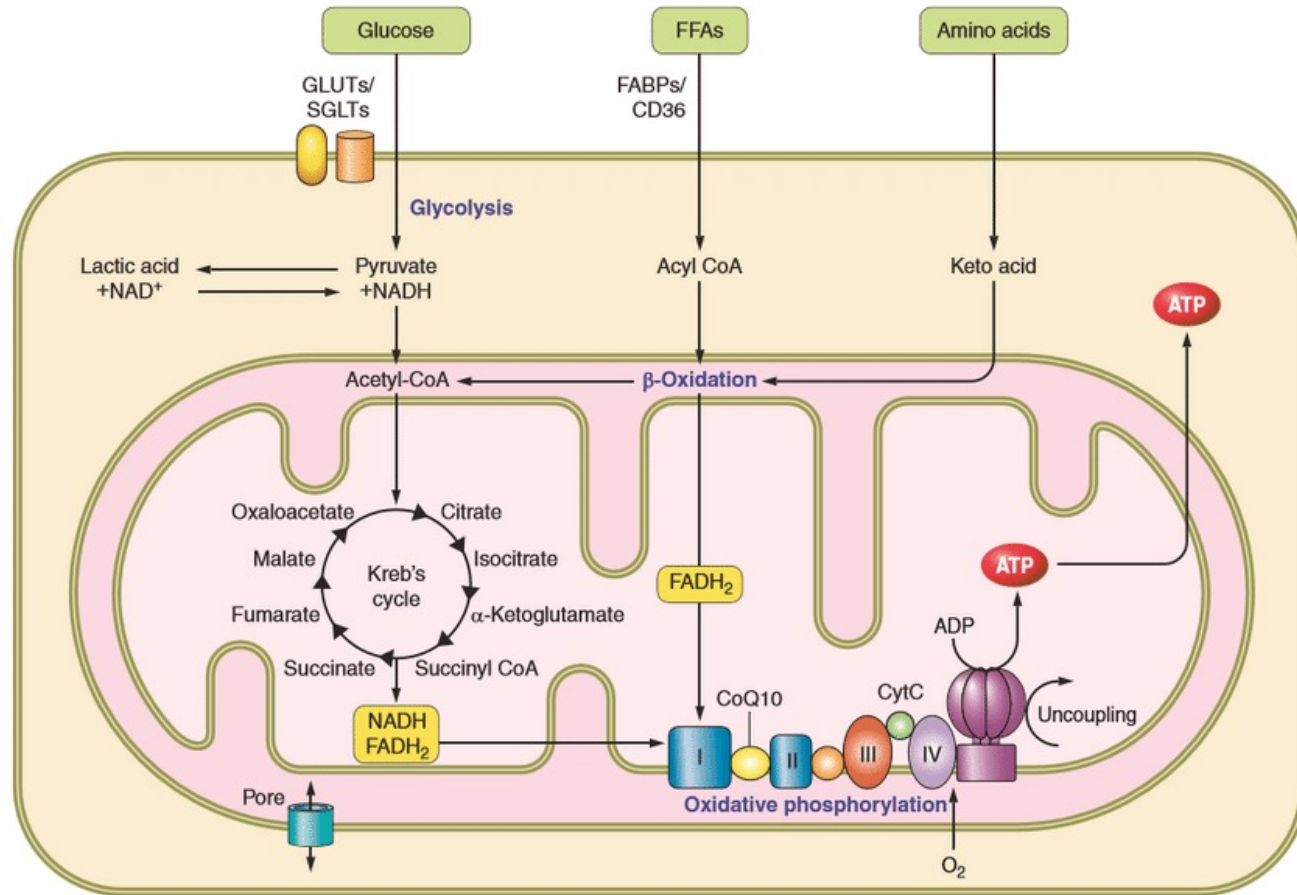
What does dysfunction mean?

We need to understand what mitochondria are doing!

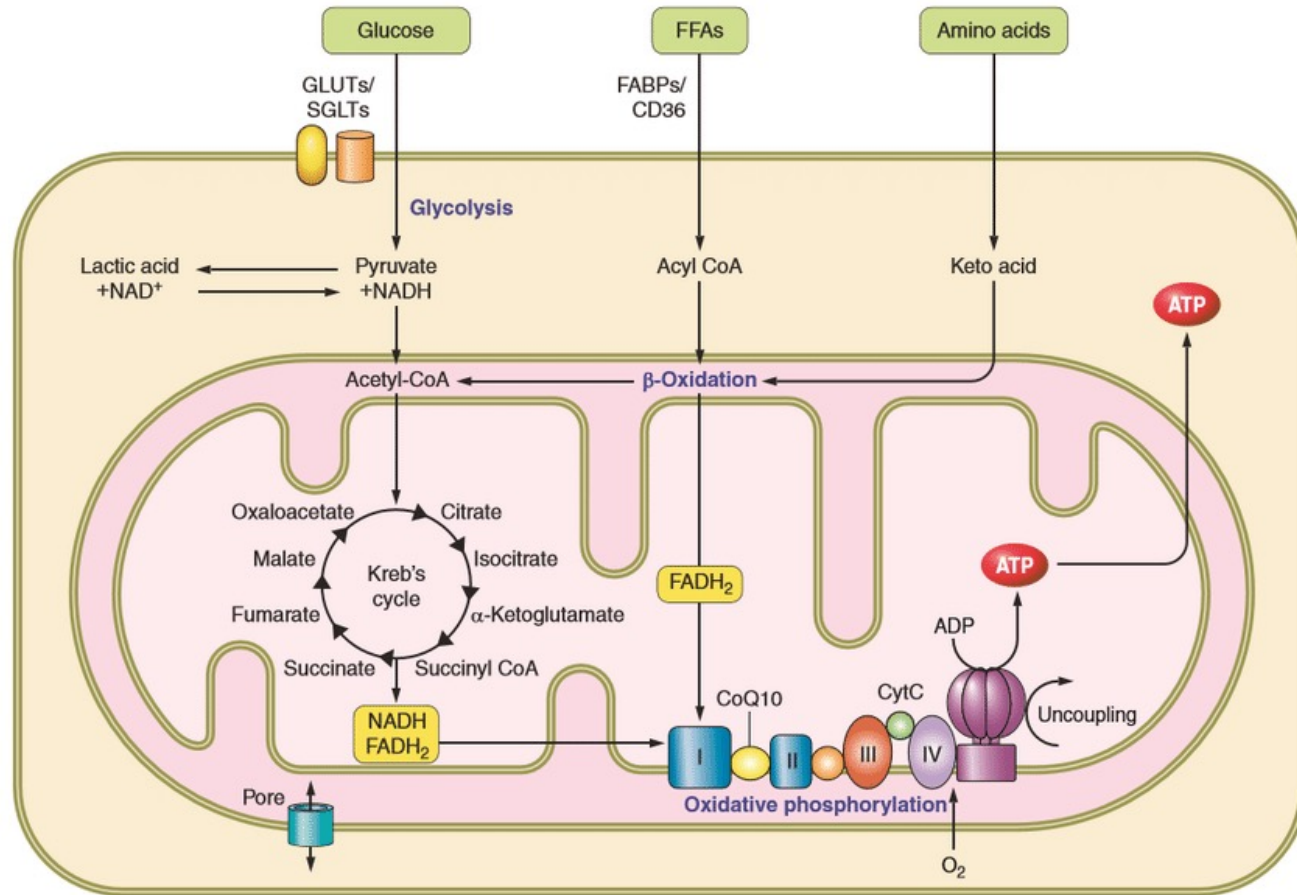
Mitochondrial Function: Energy Production



Mitochondrial Function: Energy Production

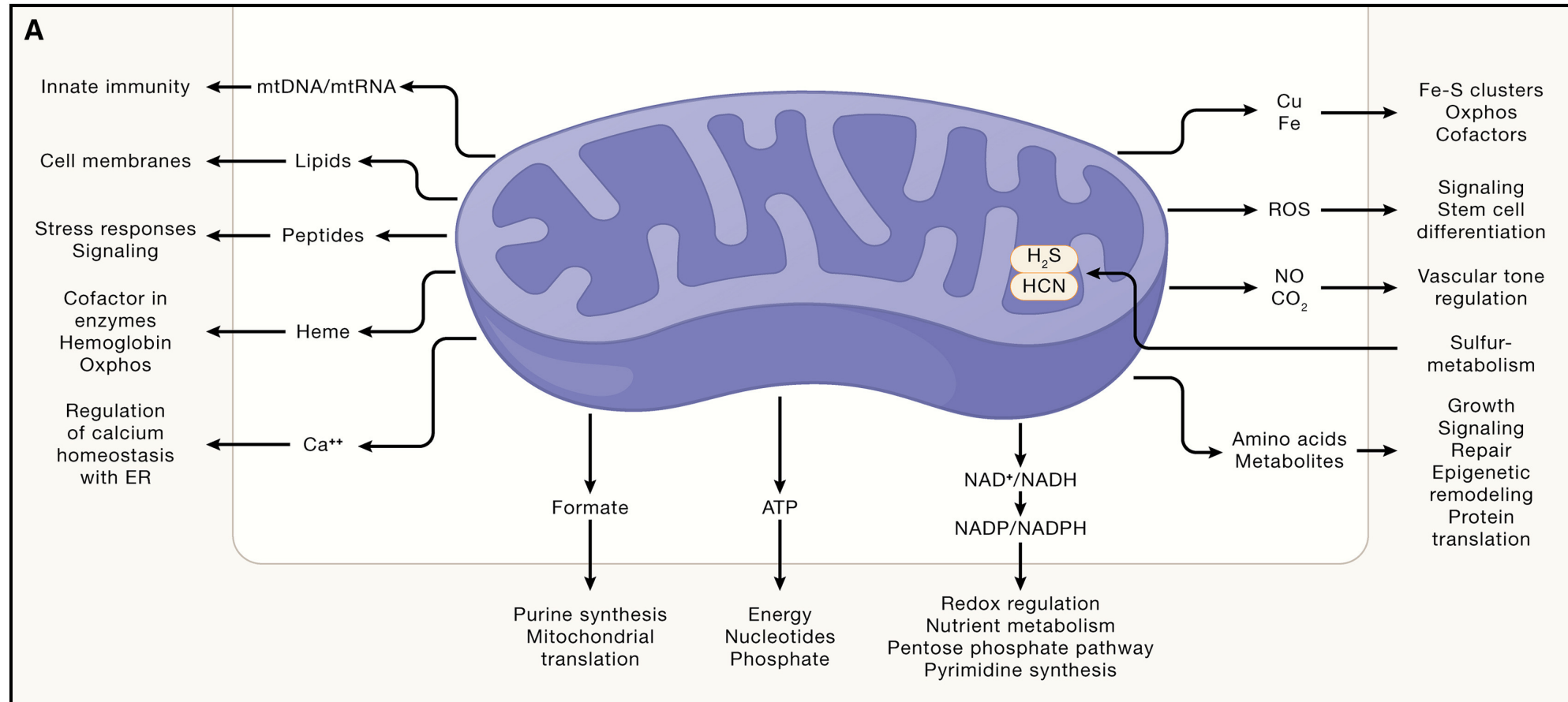


Mitochondrial Function: Energy Production

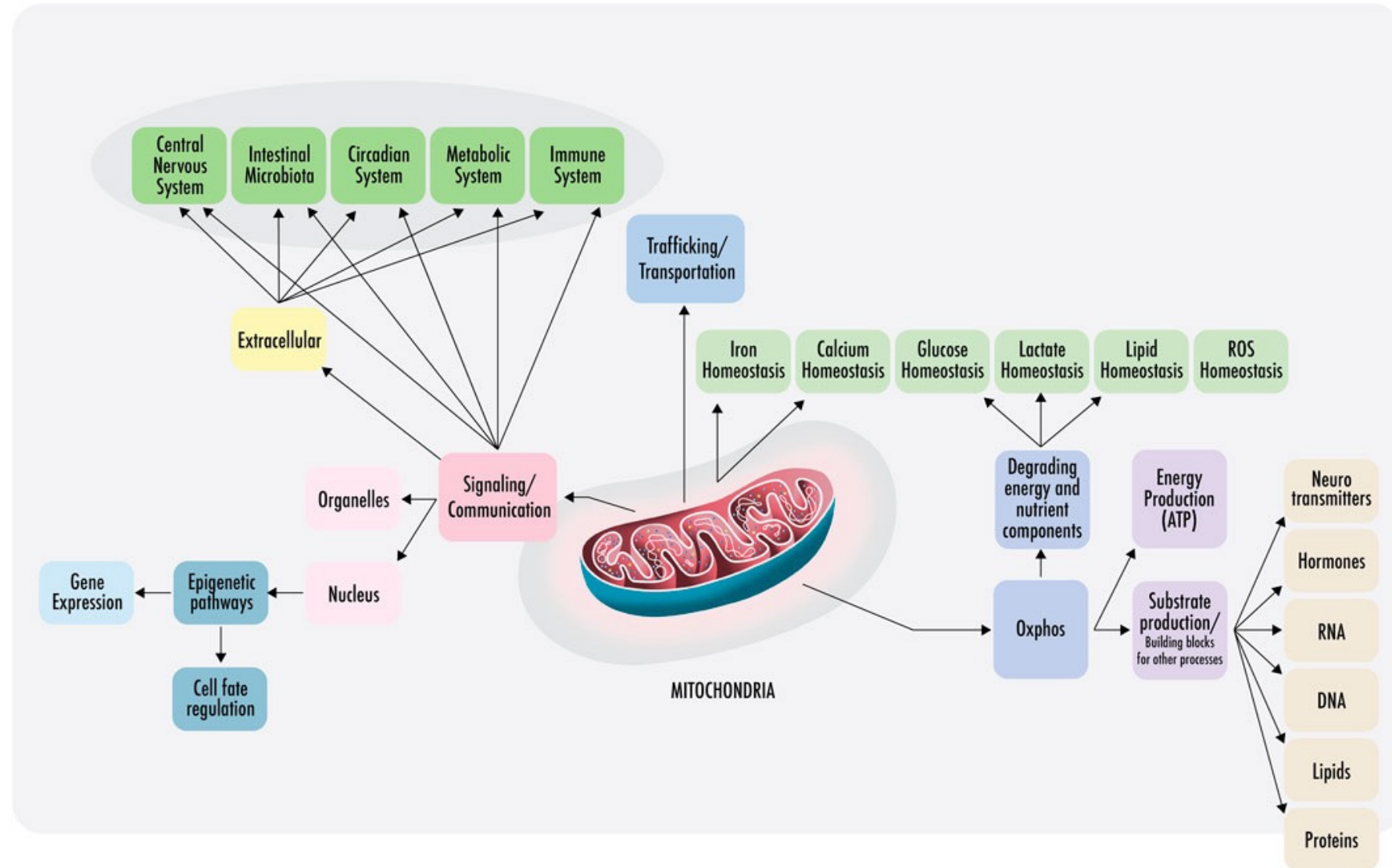


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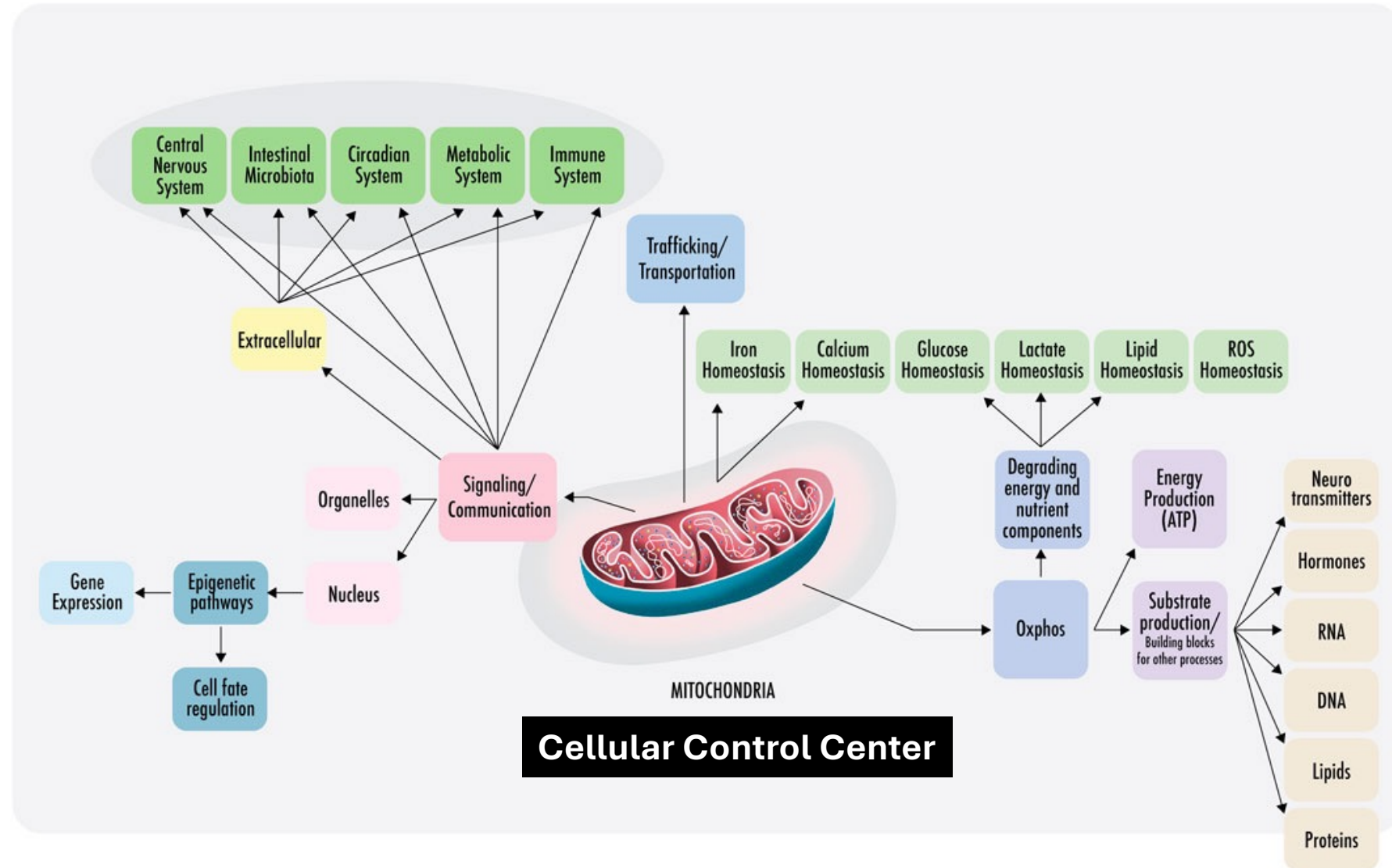
Mitochondrial Functions



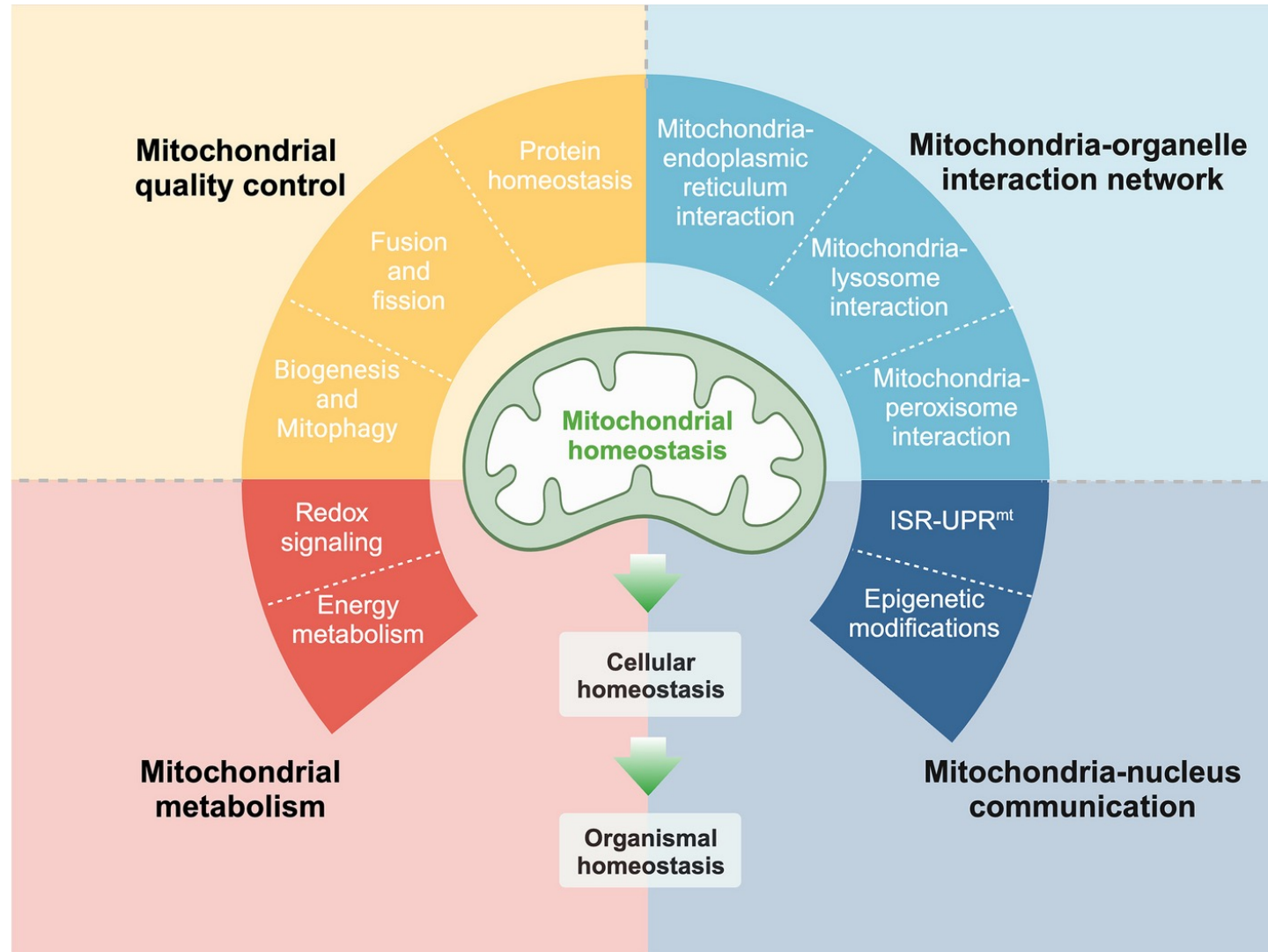
Mitochondrial Functions



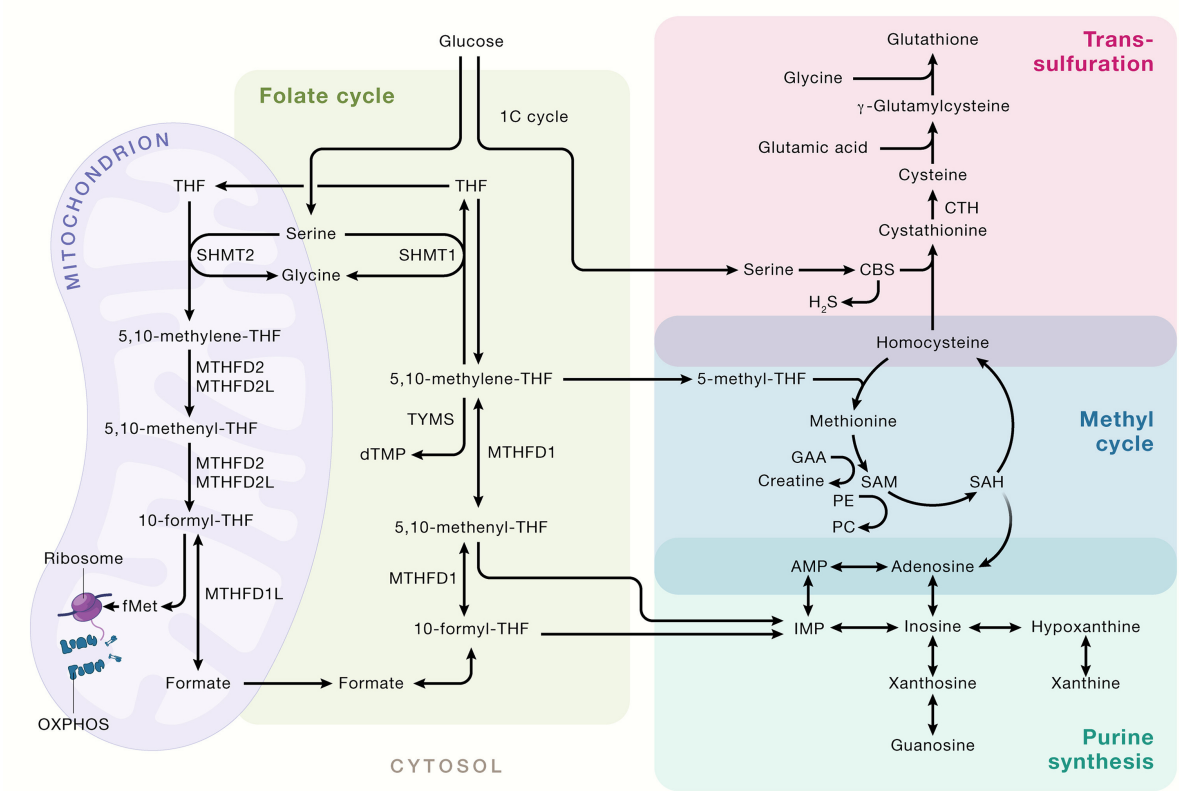
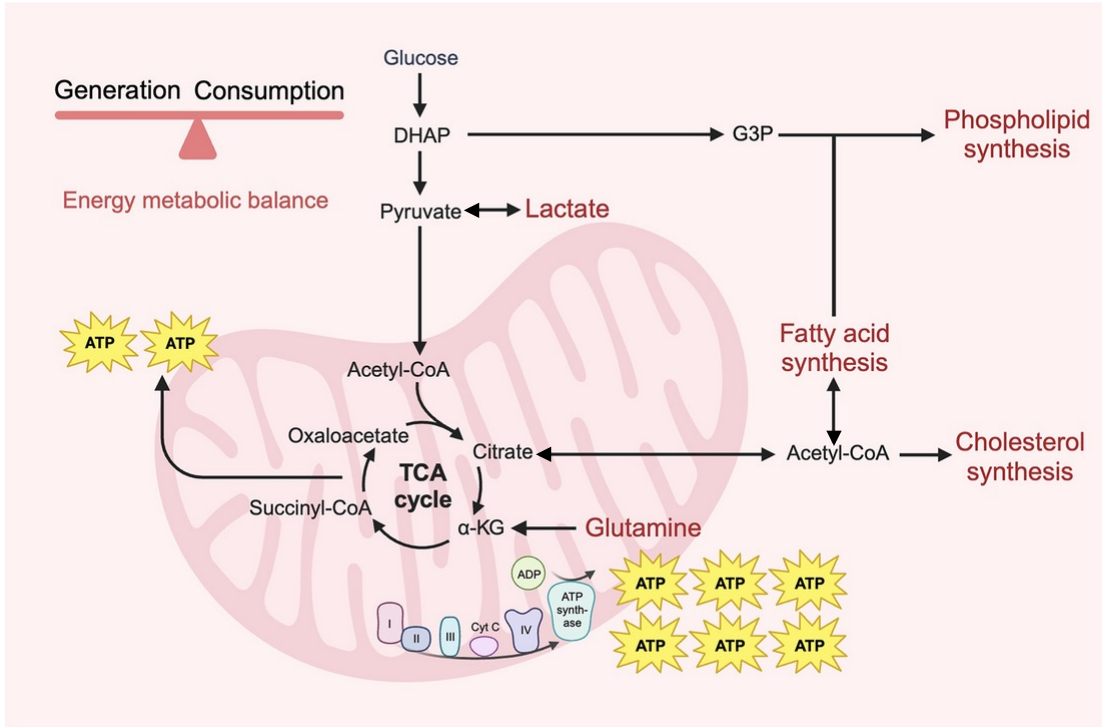
Mitochondrial Functions



Mitochondrial Homeostasis

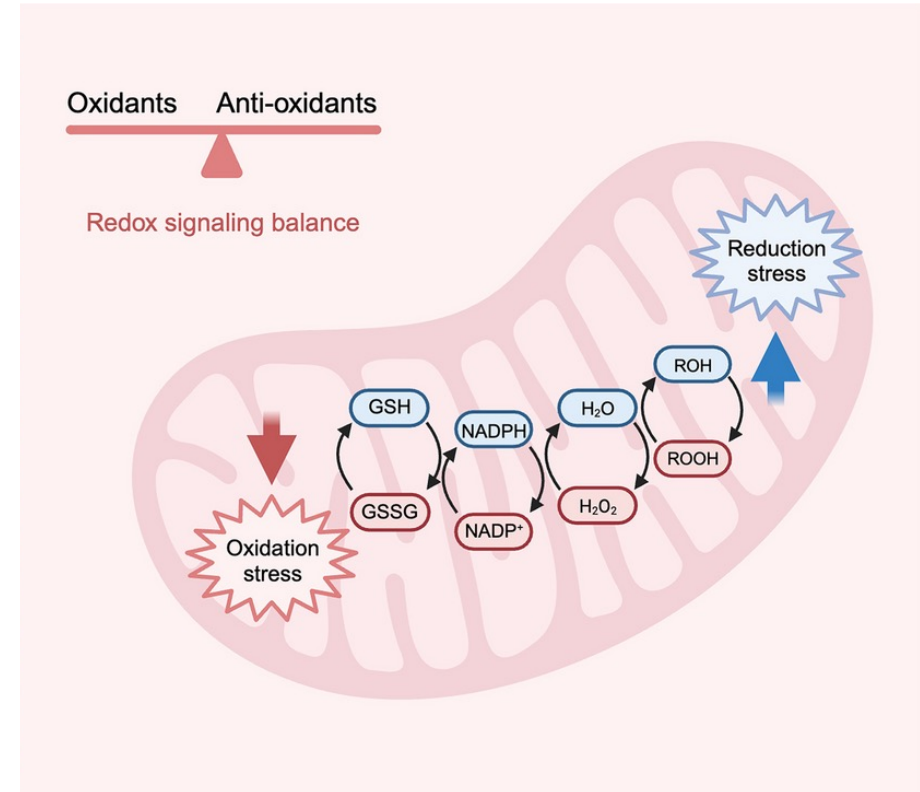
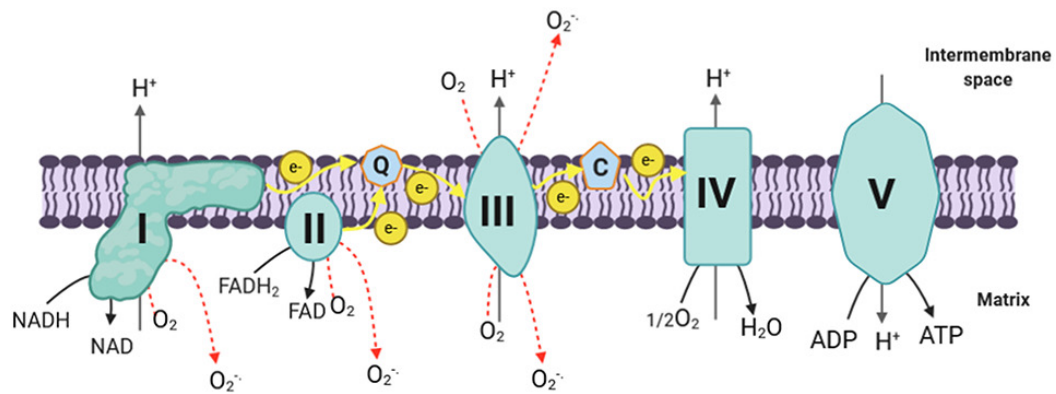


Mitochondrial Metabolism



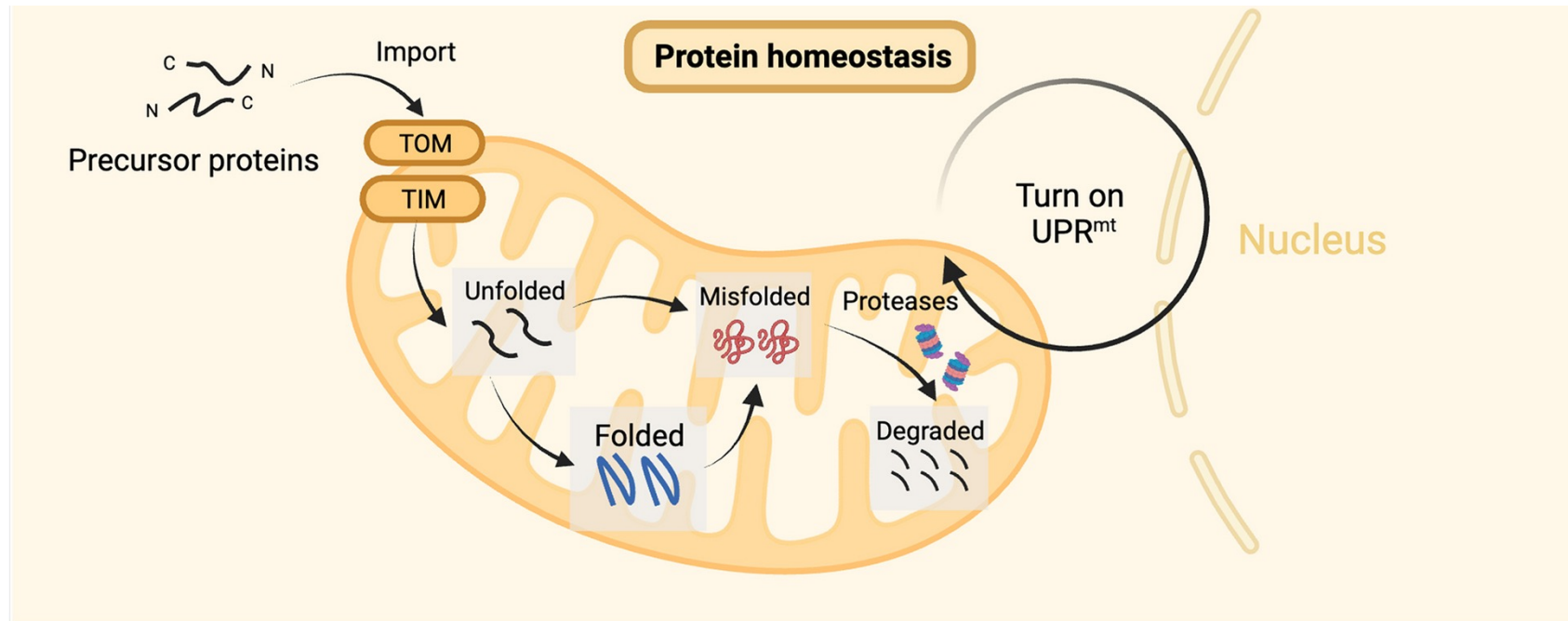
Maintenance of Adequate Metabolic Flux

Mitochondrial Metabolism



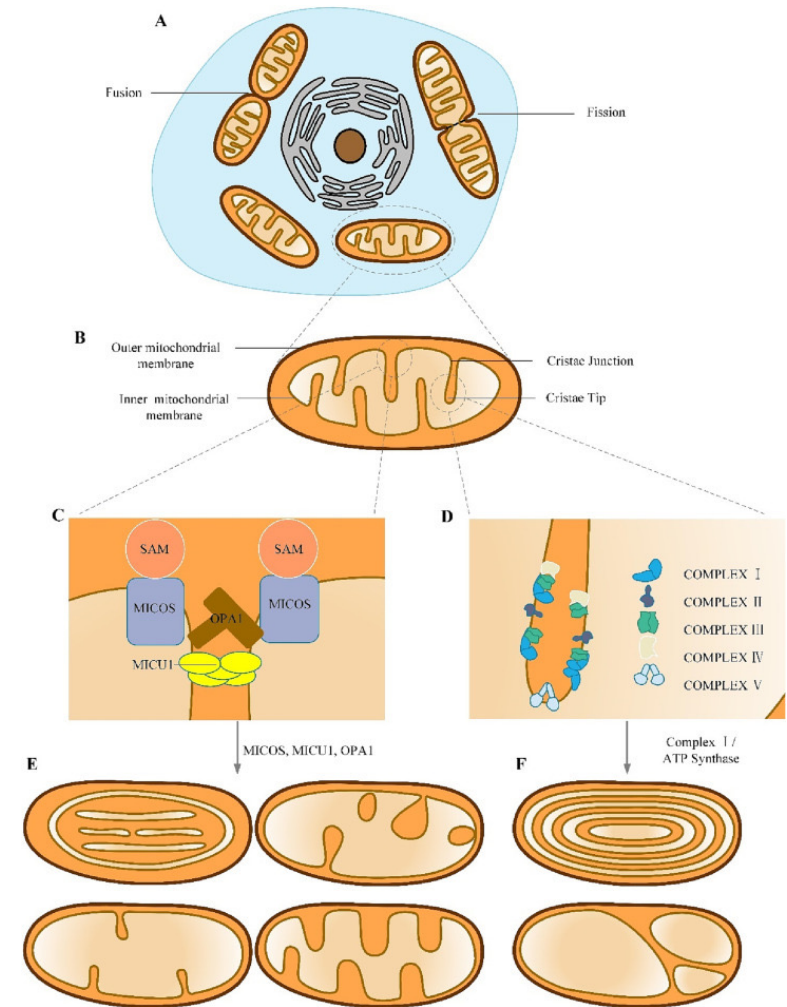
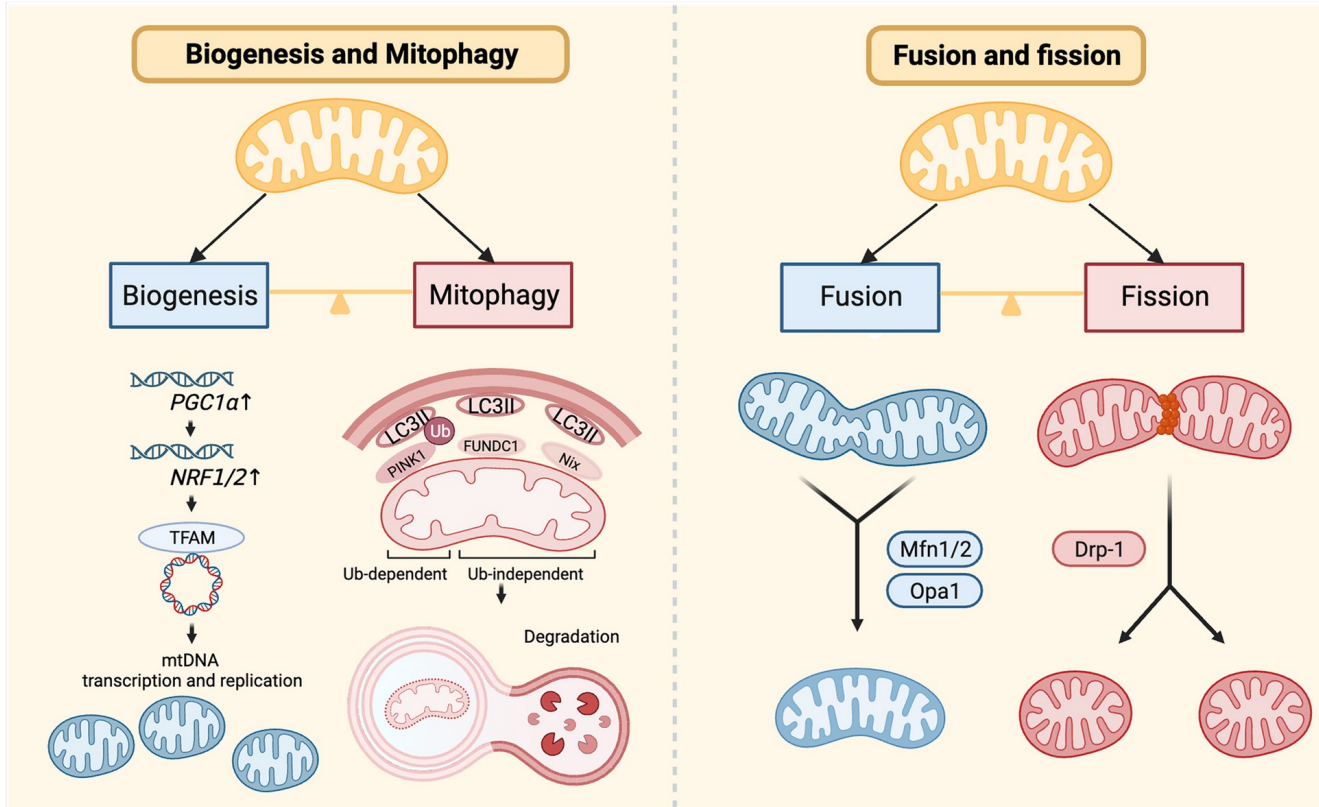
Prevention of Oxidative Stress/Damage

Mitochondrial Quality Control



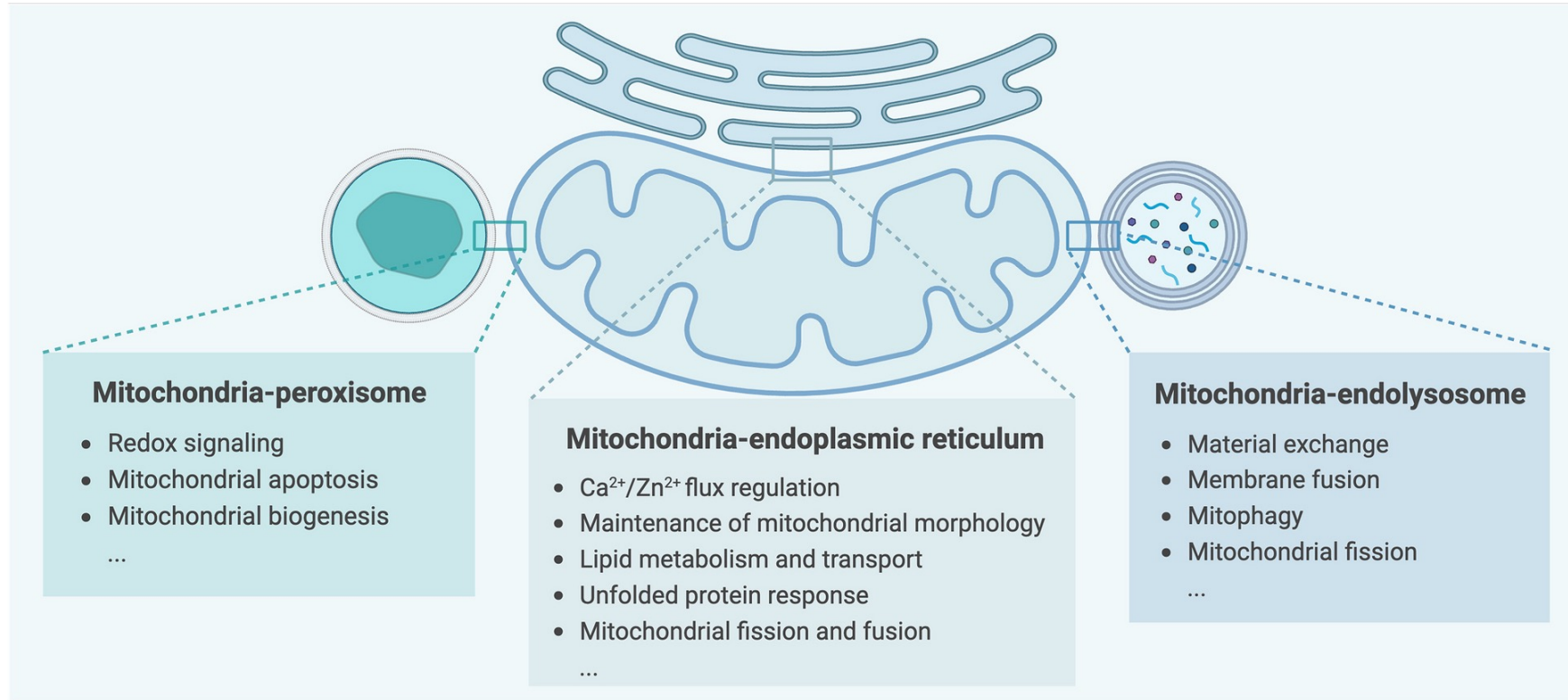
Guarantee Availability of the Right Set of Proteins at the Right Time

Mitochondrial Quality Control



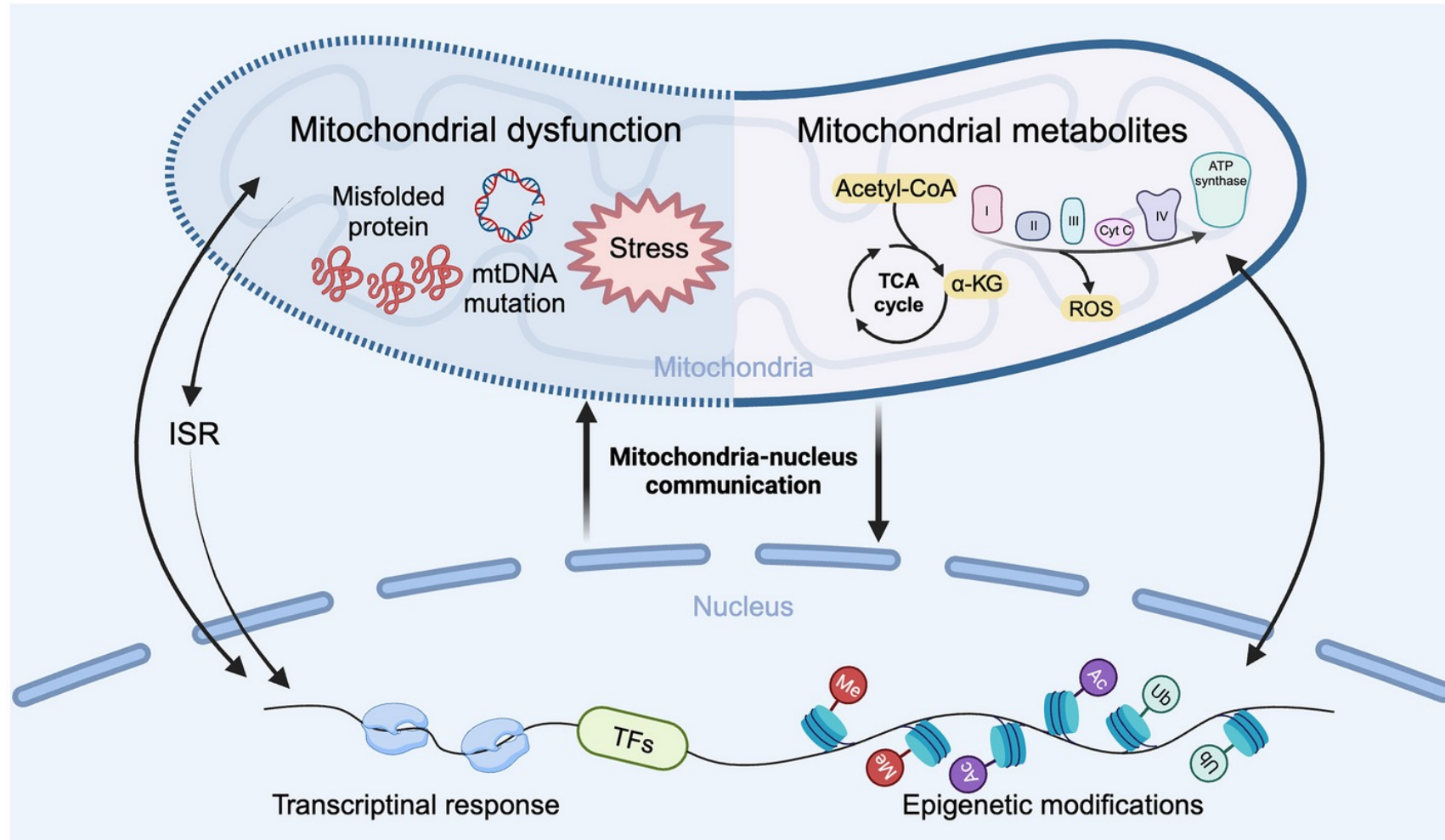
Control of Amount, Volume and Architecture

Mitochondria-Organelle Interaction Network

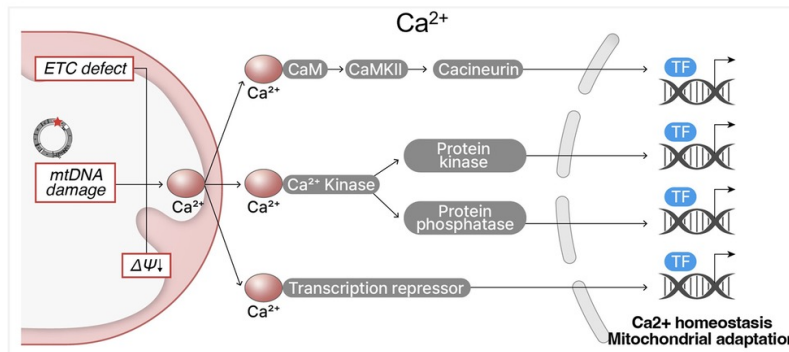
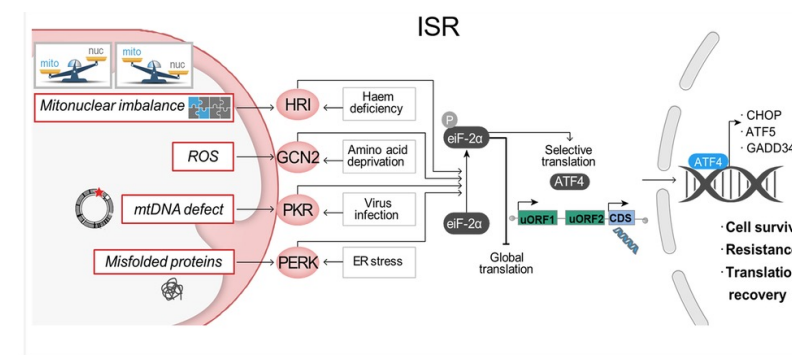
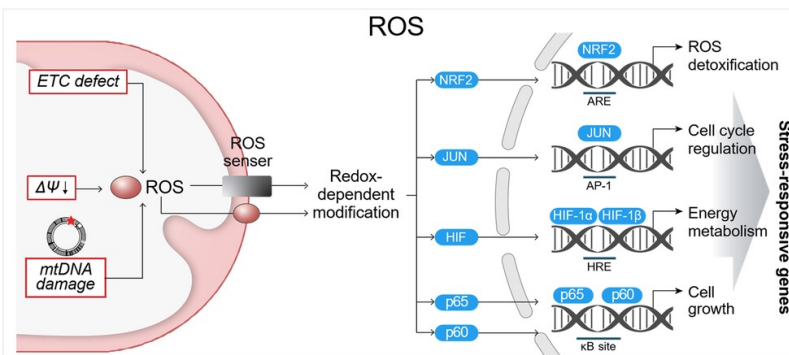
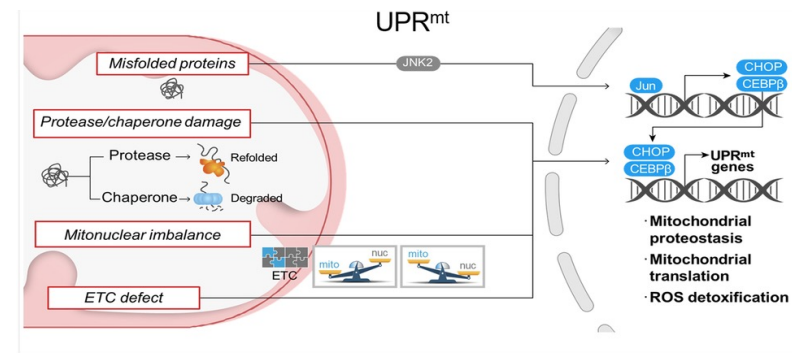
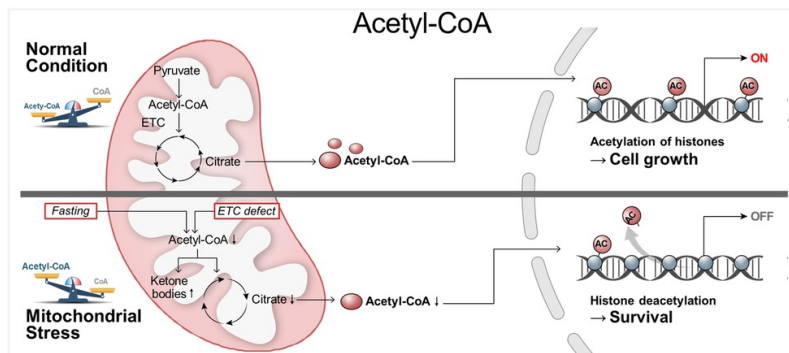


Maintaining Connectivity is Key for Functionality

Mitochondria-Nucleus Communication

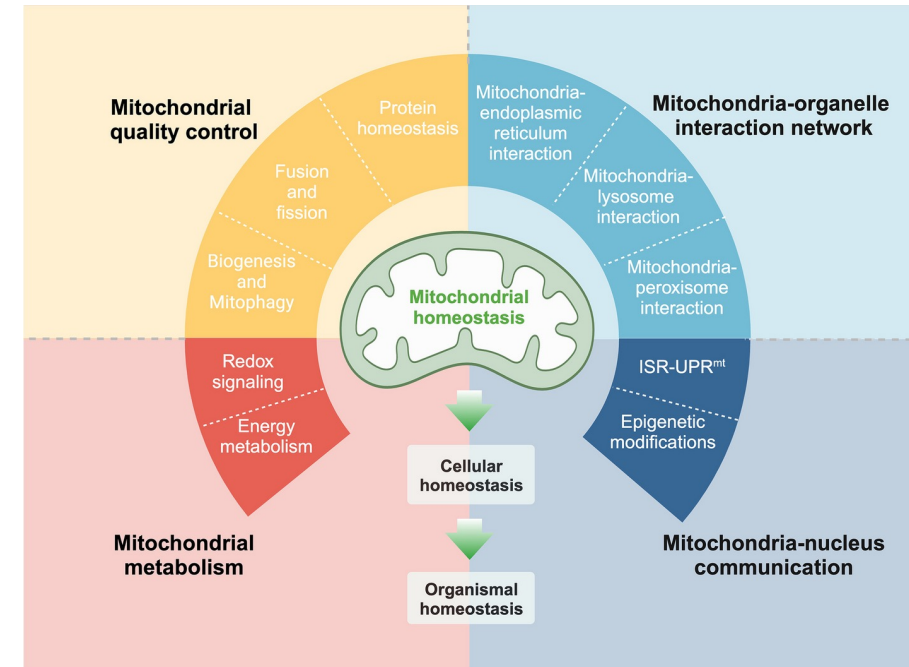
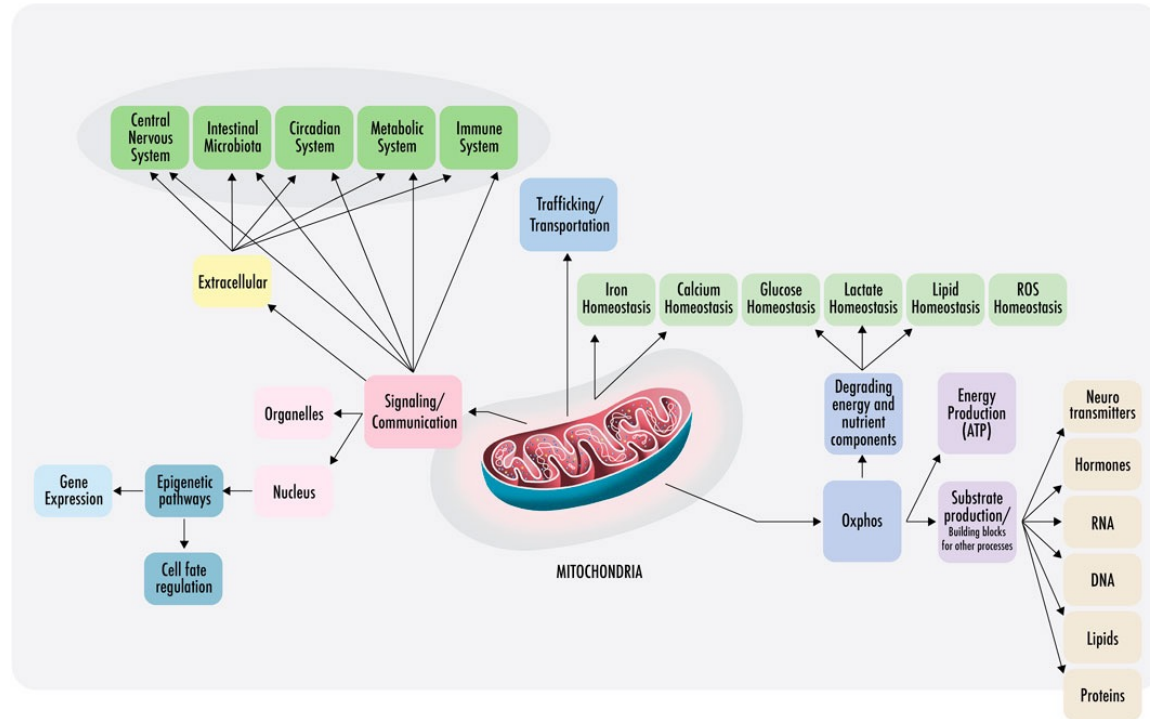


Mitochondria Retrograde Signaling



Specialized Routes of Communication to Tune Mitochondrial Adaptation

Mitochondrial Functions are Safeguarded by Homeostatic Networks



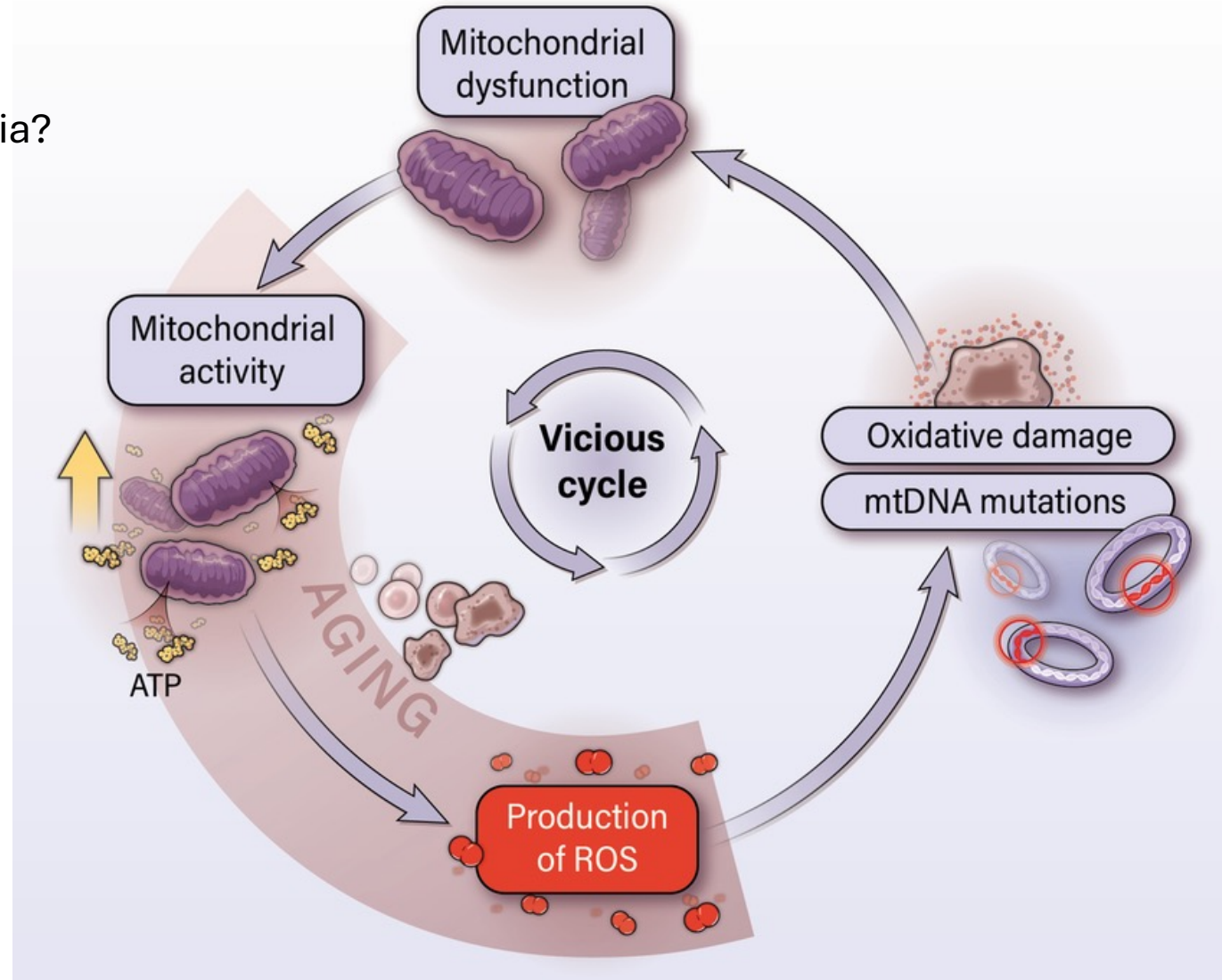
Mitochondrial Dysfunction is Complex, Interdependent and Context-Specific

How is Mitochondrial Homeostasis Challenged During Aging?

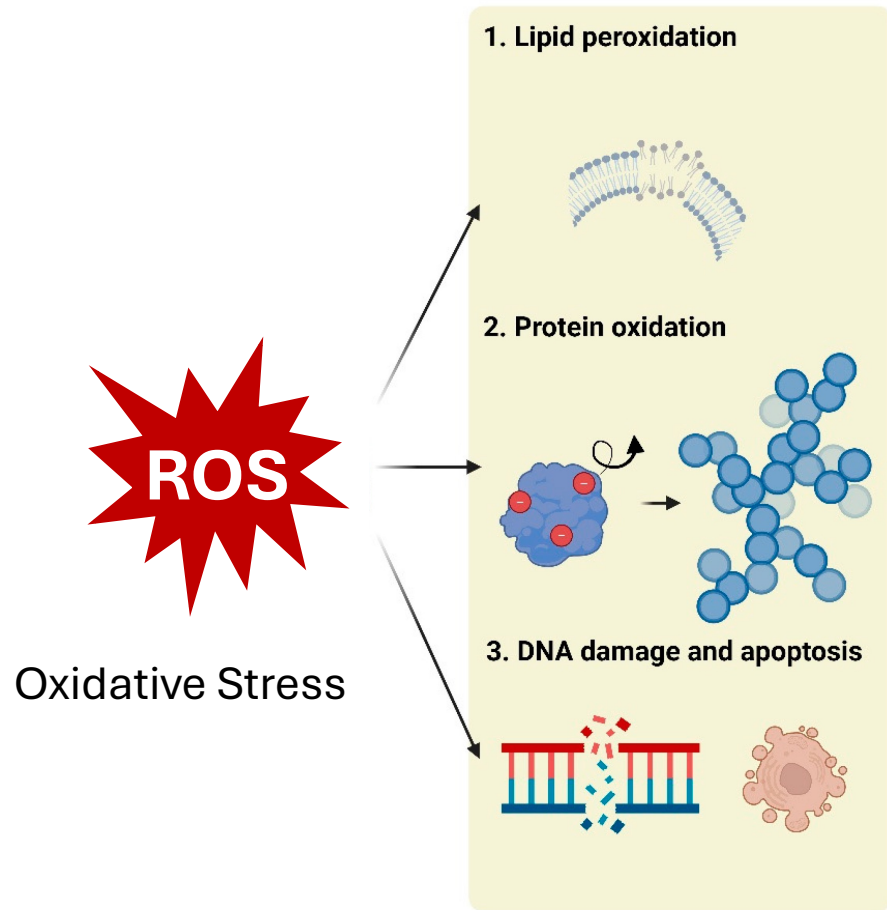
What are the Physiological Consequences?

Mitochondrial Free Radical Theory of Aging

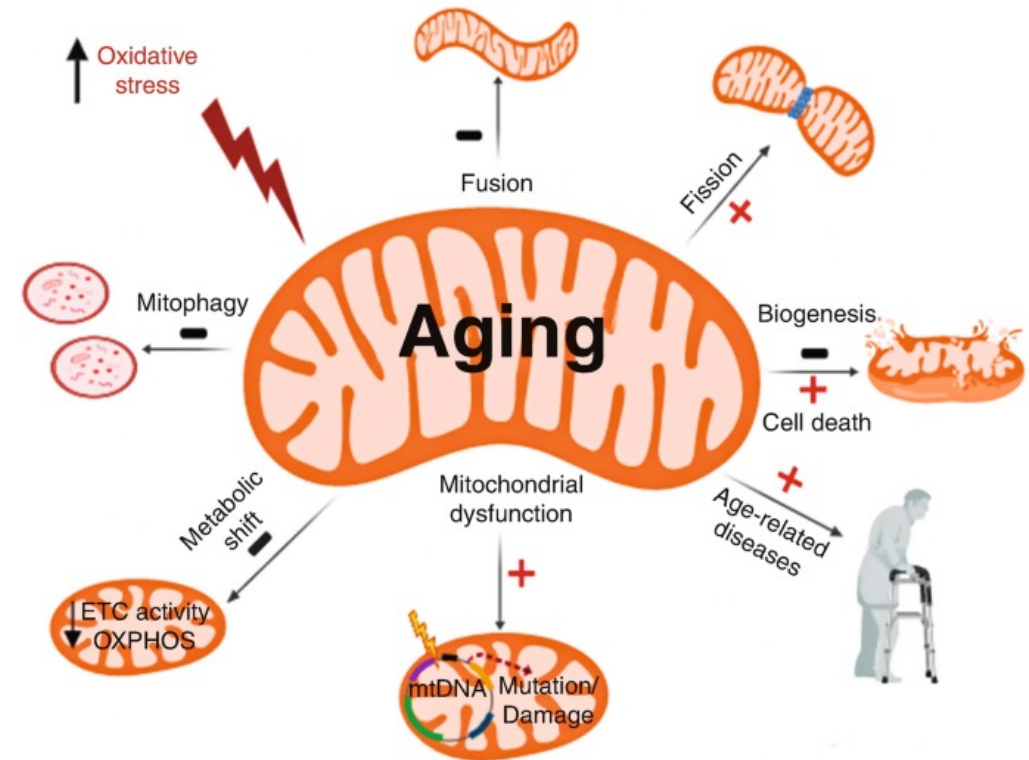
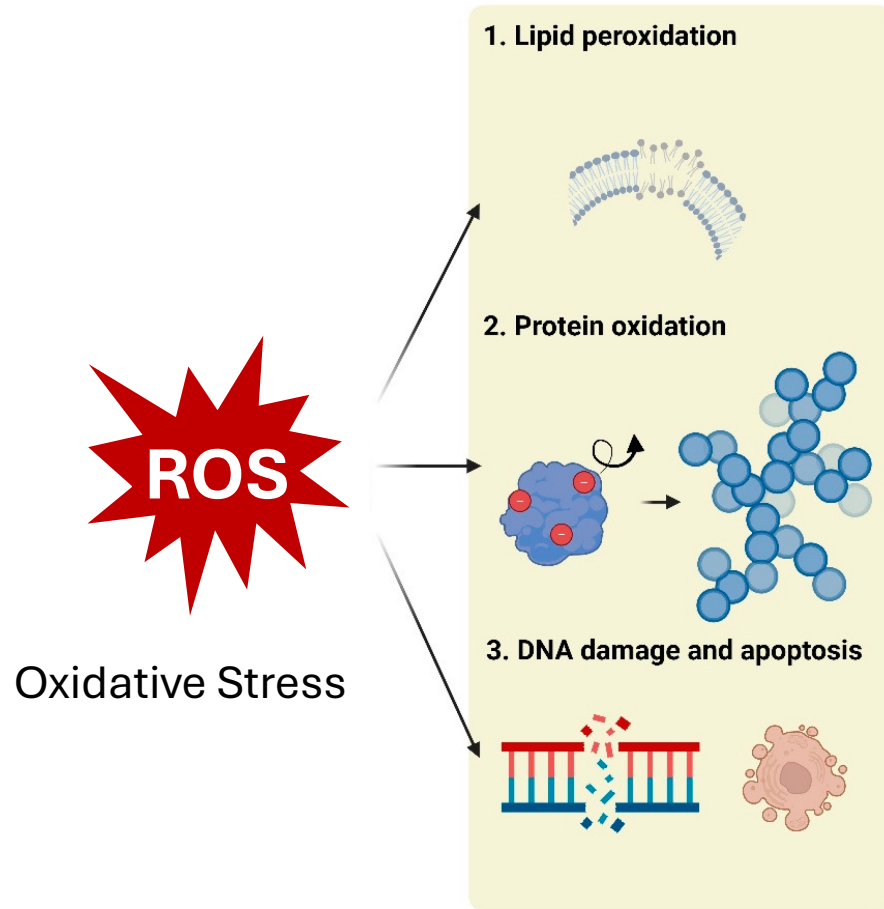
Postulated in 1972
by Denham Harman
The Biologic Clock: The Mitochondria?



Consequences of Increasing Oxidative Stress

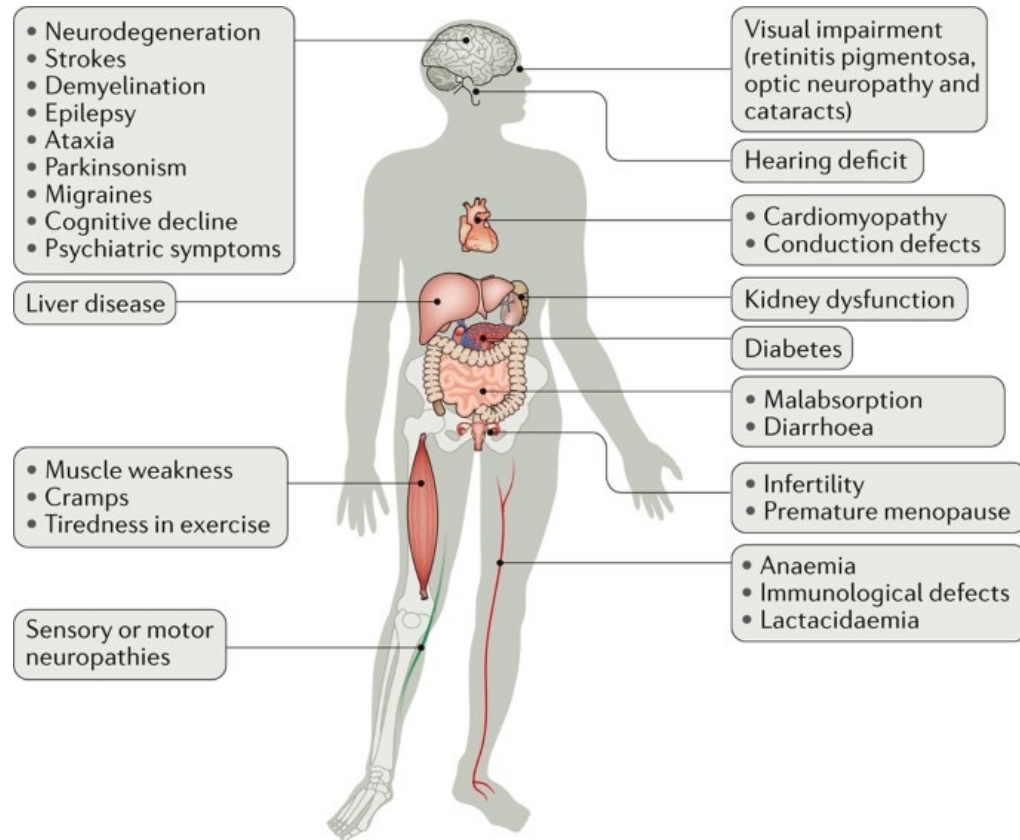


Consequences of Increasing Oxidative Stress

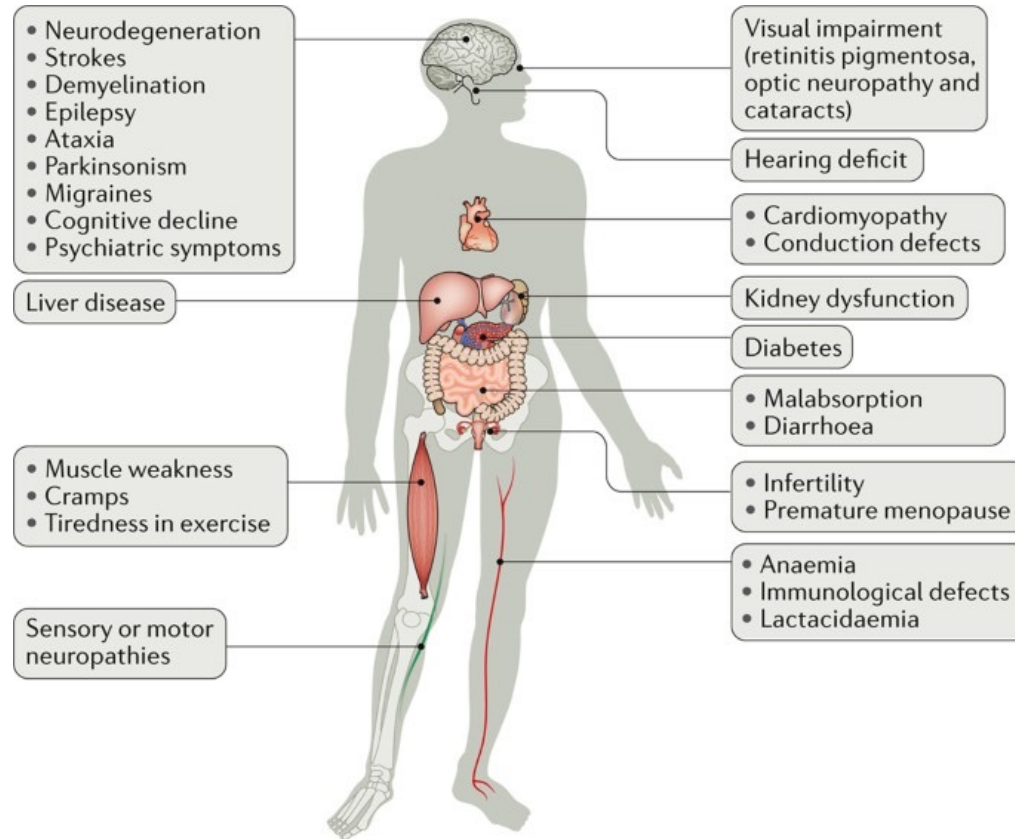


Mitochondrial, Cellular, Tissue, Organismal Dysfunction

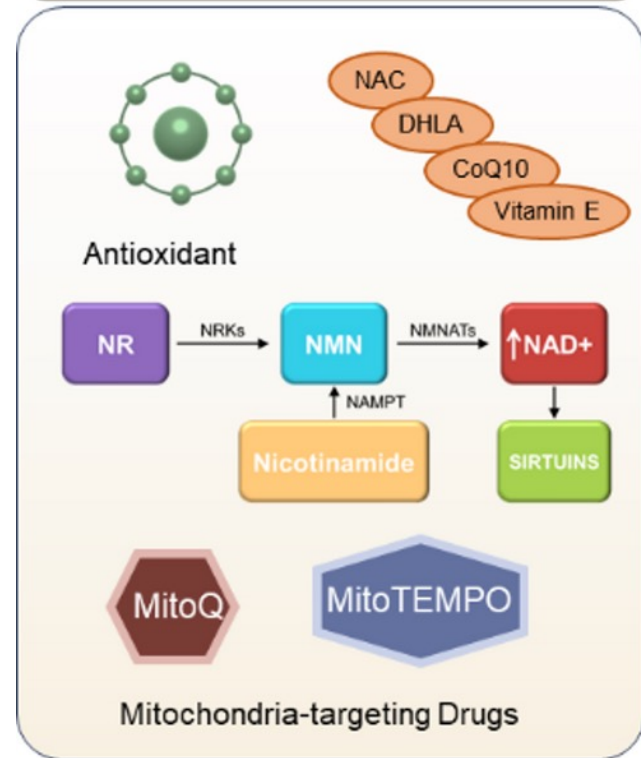
Age-Associated Diseases with Underlying Mitochondrial Dysfunction



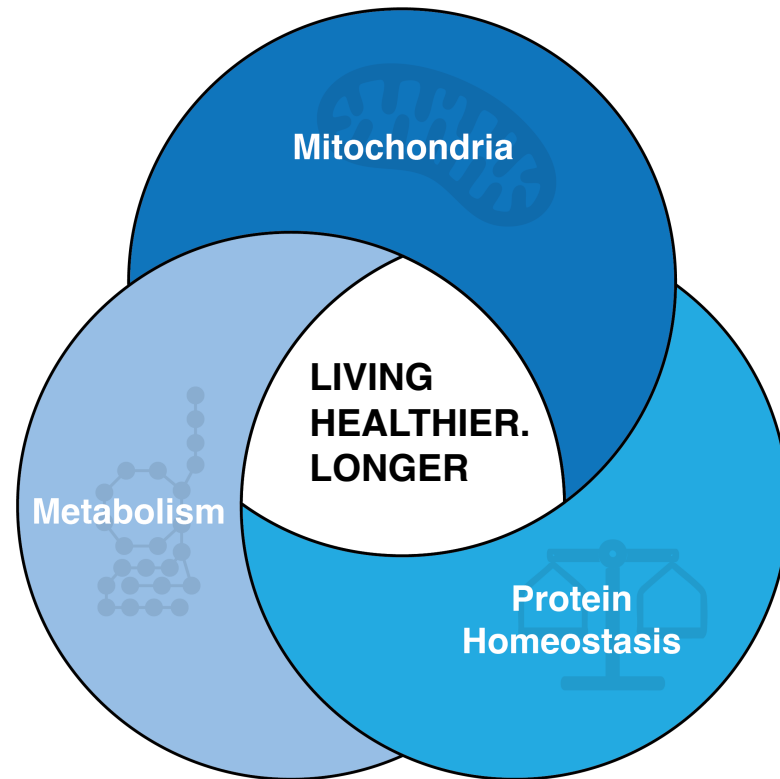
Age-Associated Diseases with Underlying Mitochondrial Dysfunction



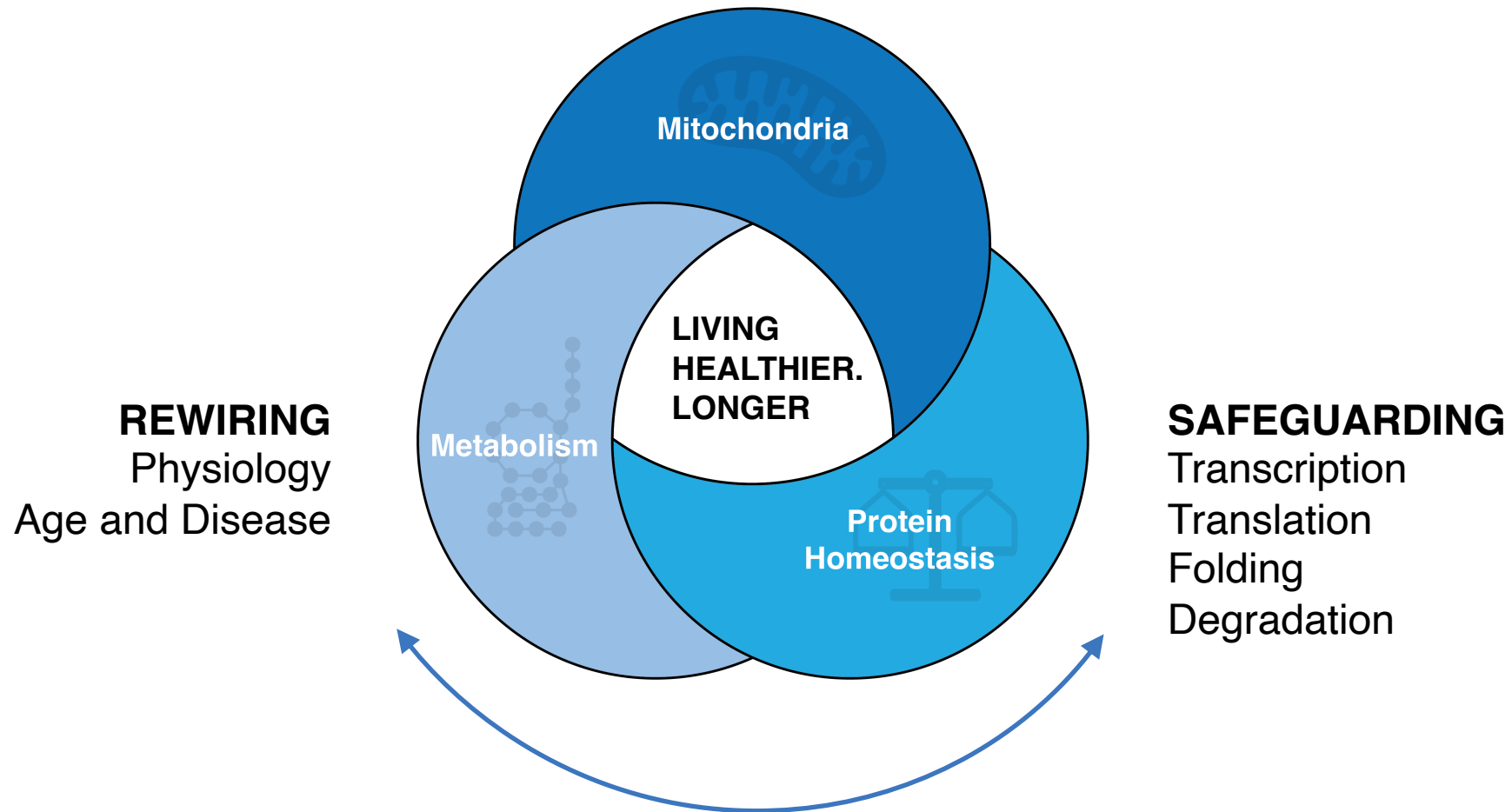
Small molecule drugs



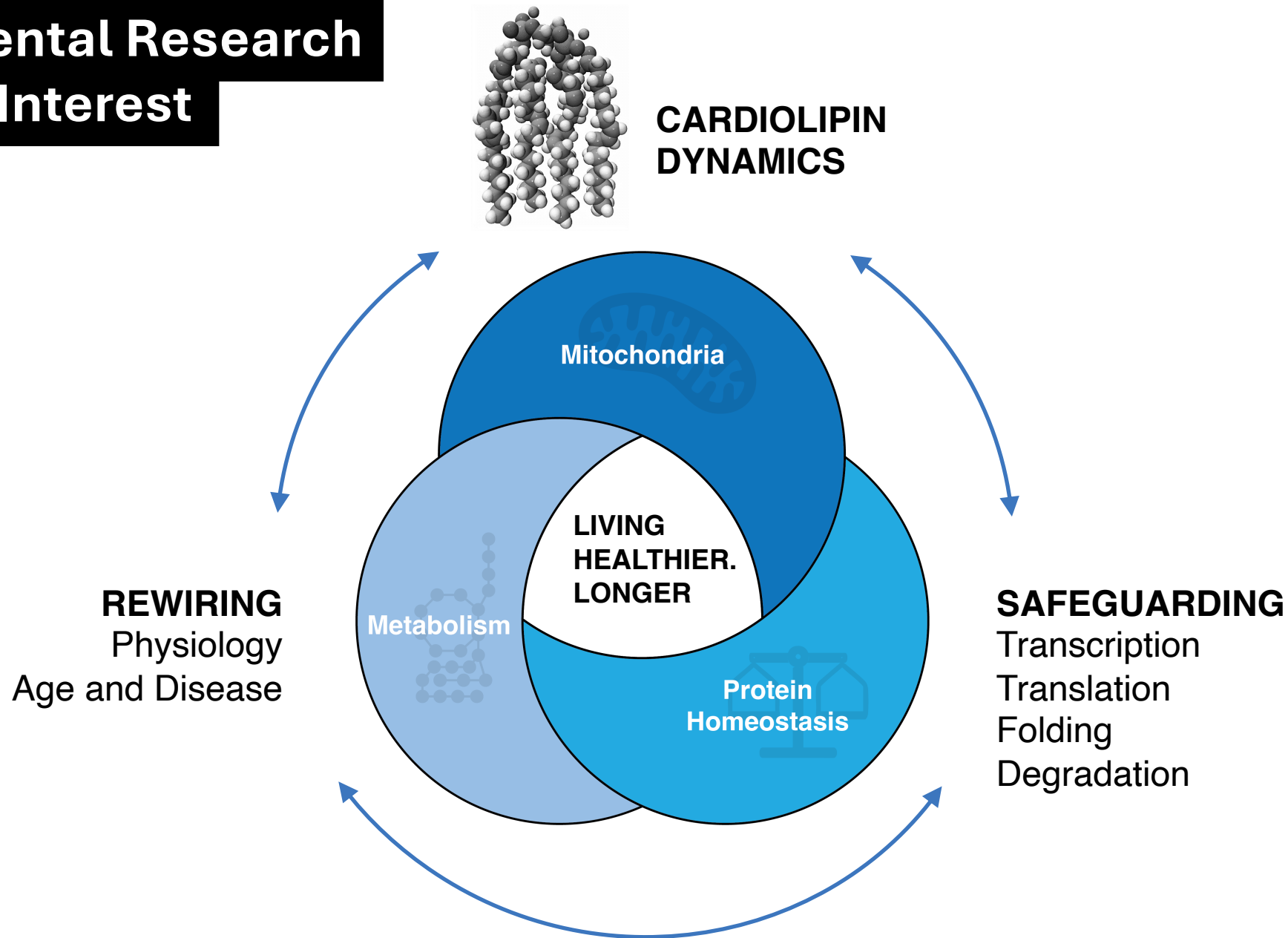
Fundamental Research Areas of Interest



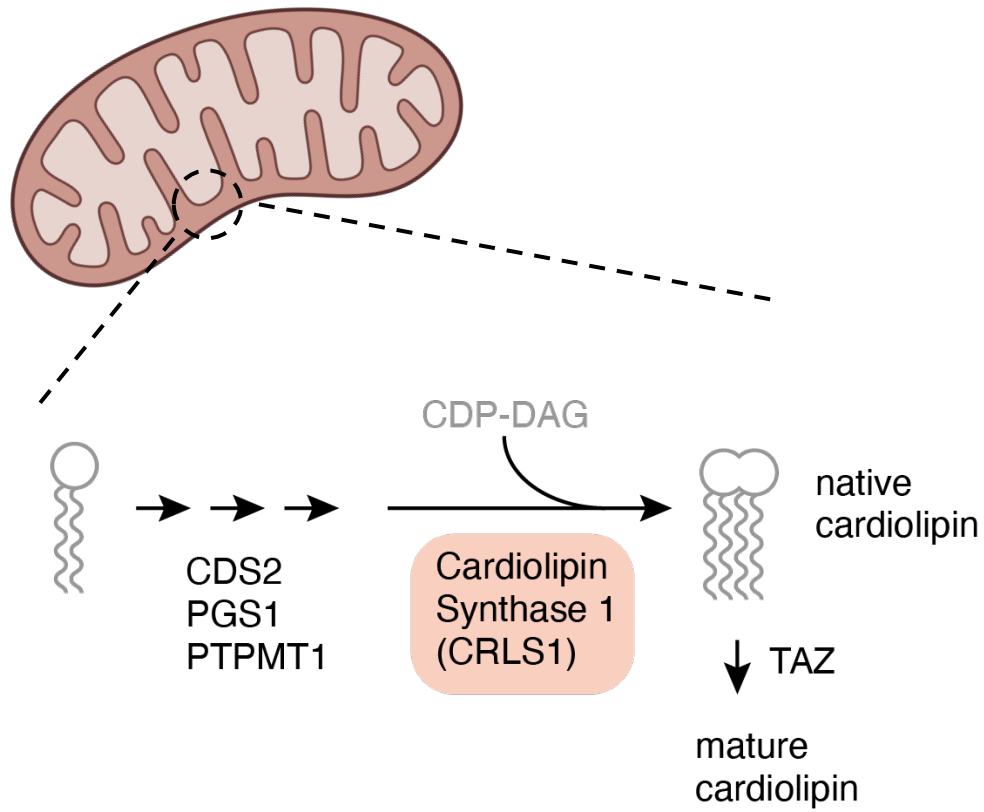
Fundamental Research Areas of Interest



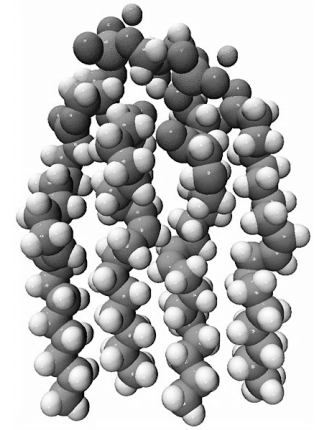
Fundamental Research Areas of Interest



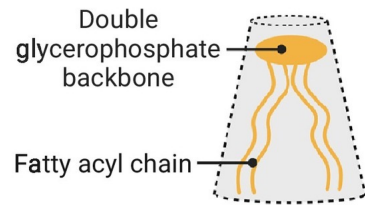
Cardiolipin: A Phospholipid at the Heart of Mitochondrial Structure and Function



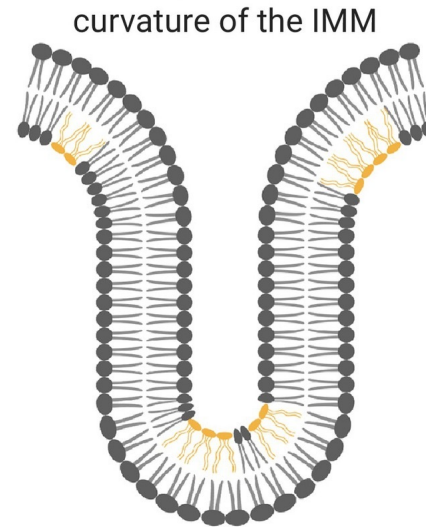
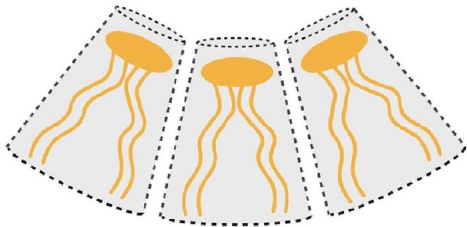
- Cristae formation
- Supercomplex formation
- Protection against ROS
- Apoptosis
- Mitochondrial biogenesis
- Fusion/fission dynamics
- Buffering proton gradient



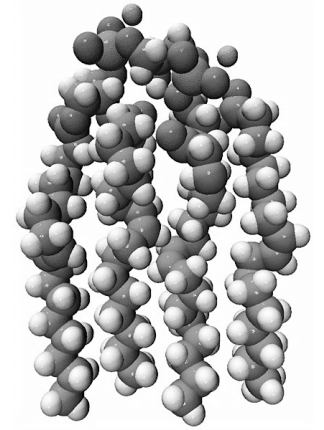
Cardiolipin: A Phospholipid at the Heart of Mitochondrial Structure and Function



CL aggregation favors negative curvature of membranes



- Cristae formation
- Supercomplex formation
- Protection against ROS
- Apoptosis
- Mitochondrial biogenesis
- Fusion/fission dynamics
- Buffering proton gradient



Unpublished data removed..

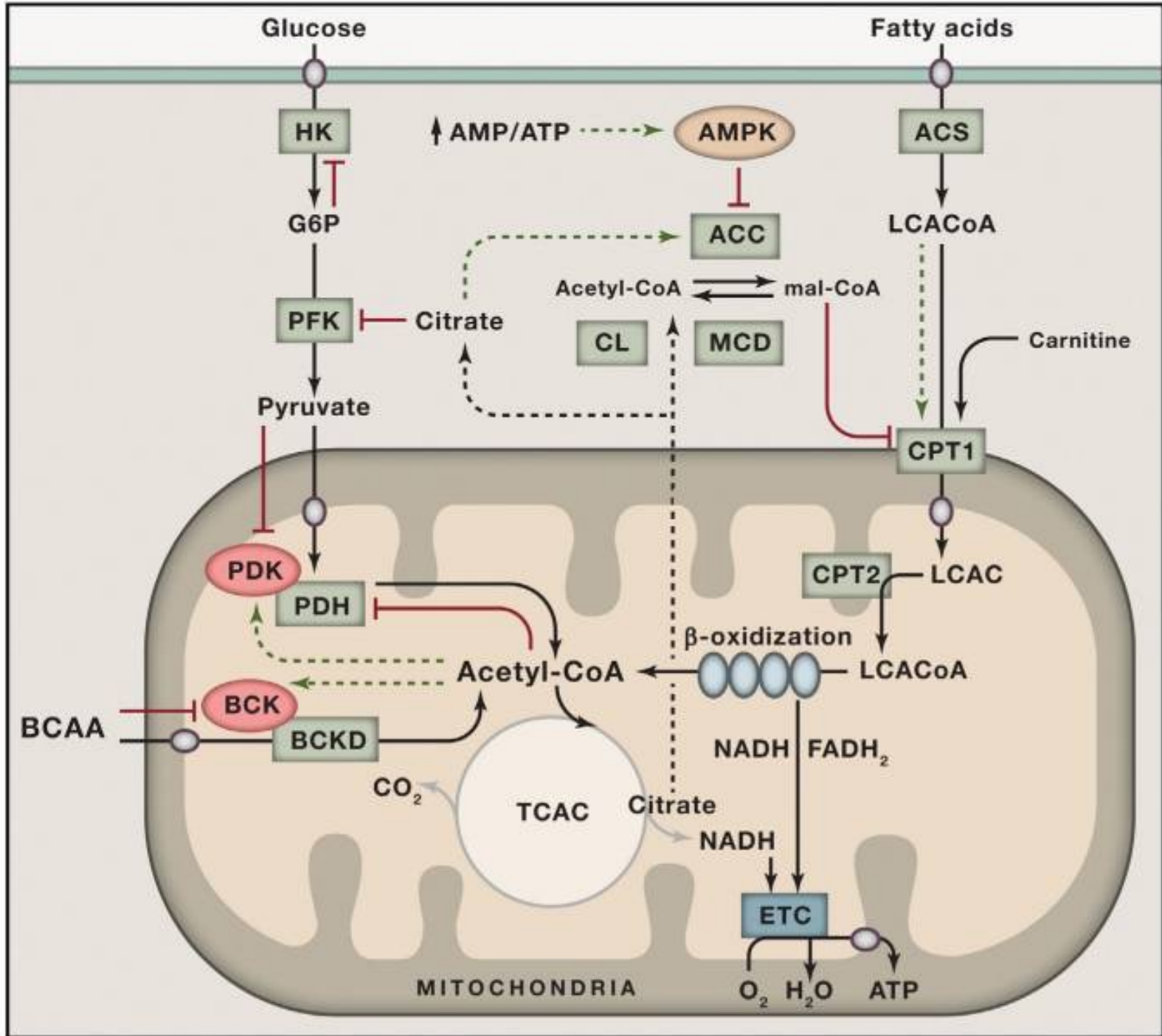
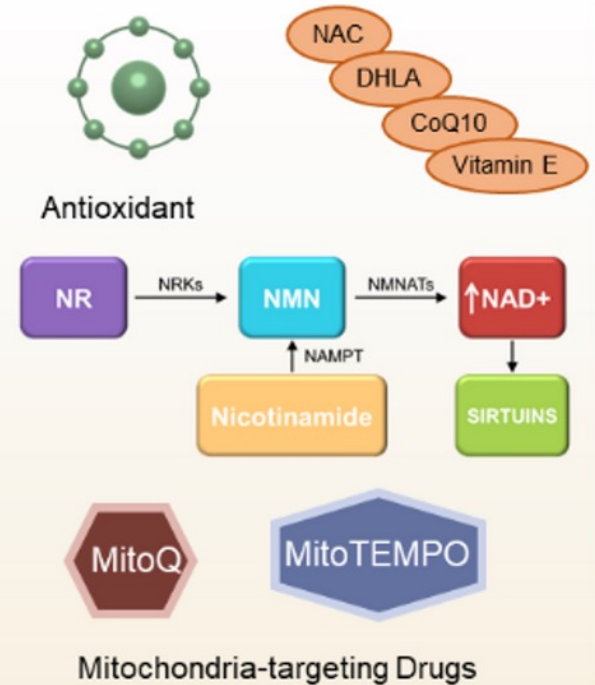


Table 1 Therapeutic interventions

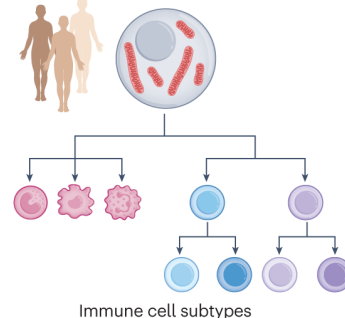
Drug	Mechanism	Adaptation symptoms	References
Alpha lipoic acid	Activates signaling pathways such as AMPK and SIRT1 and reduces oxidative stress	Neurodegenerative Disorders	[344]
CoQ10	Improvement of cellular energy metabolism by promoting energy production through the electron transport chain	Cardiovascular diseases	[345]
NMN	Managing mitochondrial metabolism in NK cells	Cancer	[346]
SS-31	Mitochondria-targeted antioxidant peptide improves myocardial function and reduces oxidative damage	Diabetes Mellitus and Alzheimer's disease	[347, 348]
Curcumin	Scavenging of ROS	Metabolic Disease	[349]
Melatonin	Increased number of mitochondria	Lung cancer and neurodegenerative disorders	[350, 351]
Resveratrol	Scavenging of ROS; activation of antioxidant signaling pathways	Fatty liver disease	[352]
Rapamycin	Inhibition of mTOR signaling pathway	Alzheimer disease	[353]
Urolithin A	Removes damaged mitochondria	Metabolic syndrome	[354]
Cordycepin	Mitochondrial metabolism	Alzheimer disease	[355]
MIC	DAF-12/FXR to enhance mitochondrial function	Alzheimer disease	[356]
MitoTam	Cycle-breaking ATP synthase kills senescent cells	Cancer	[357]
Phenylboronic acid	Inhibition of PDKs in mitochondria	Cancer	[358]
SGLT2 Inhibitors	Improvement of mitochondrial function	Attenuate vascular inflammation and arterial stiffness	[359]

Small molecule drugs

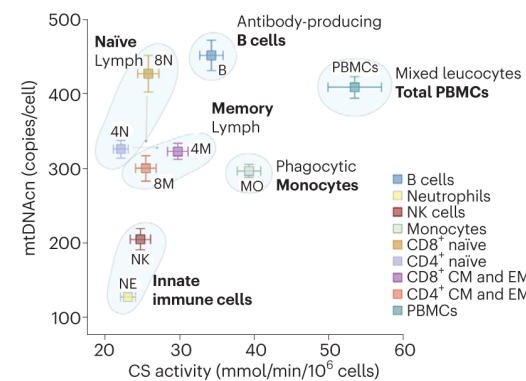


Mitochondrial Diversity as Key to Understand Sensitivity towards Dysfunction

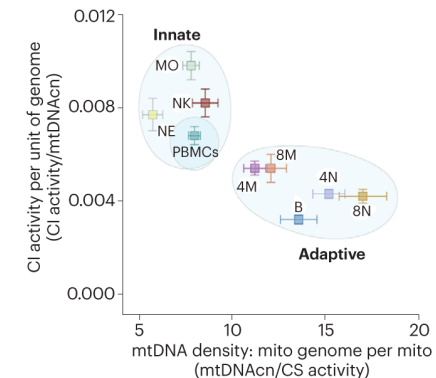
a Leucocyte mitochondrial phenotypes



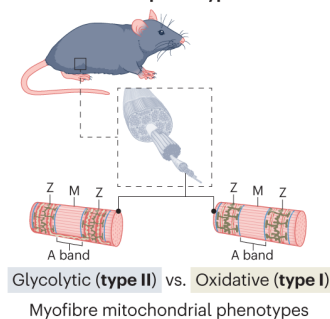
b mtDNA density per mitochondrion



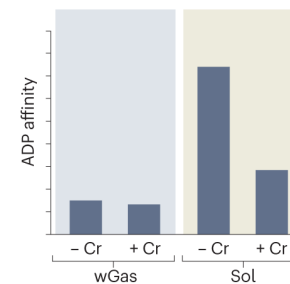
c CI activity per unit of genome in relation to mtDNA density



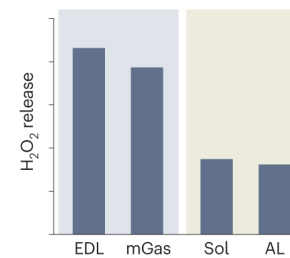
d Skeletal muscle mitochondrial phenotypes



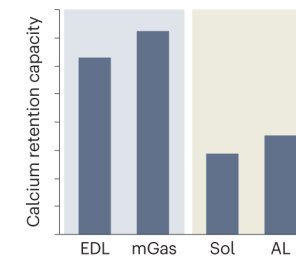
e Respiration



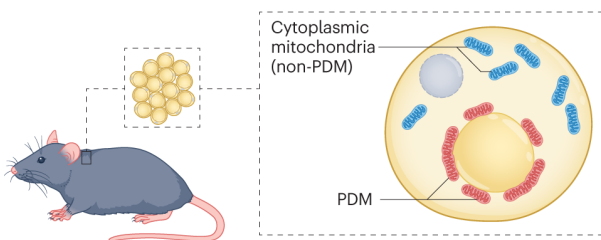
f ROS emission



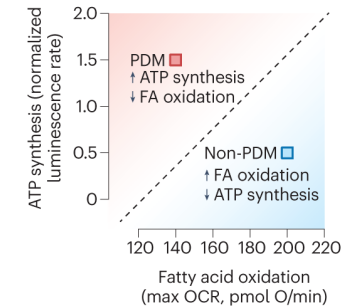
g Calcium uptake



h Brown adipocyte mitochondrial phenotypes



i OxPhos and FA oxidation



j Size and motility behaviour

