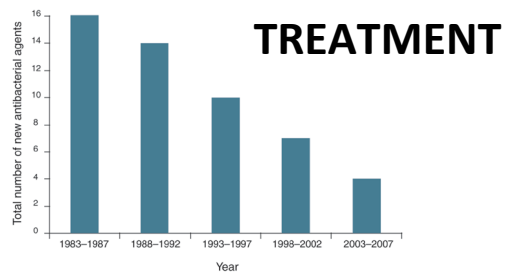
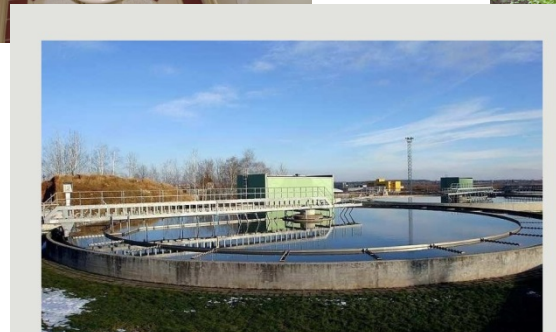
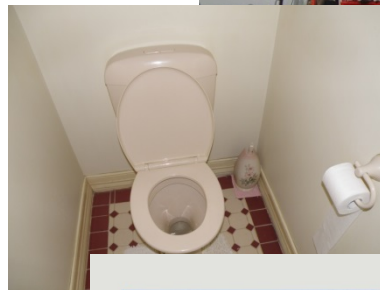
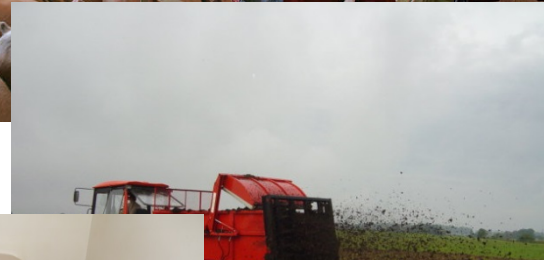
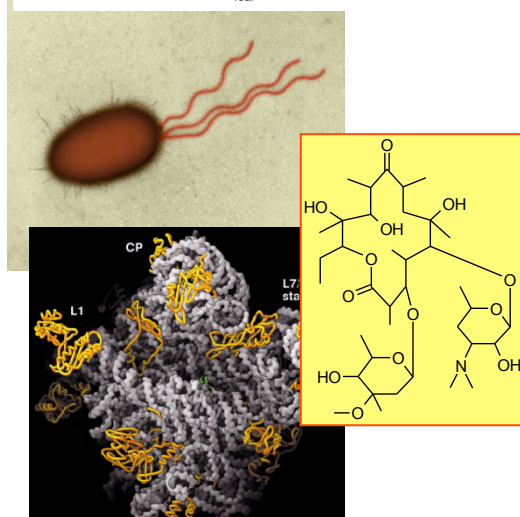


# **RESEARCH ON ANTIBIOTICS AND ANTIBIOTIC RESISTANCE IN ESTONIA**



# SPREAD OF RESISTANCE





Eesti Teadusagentuur  
Estonian Research Council

**SURVEILLANCE**



European Union  
Regional Development Fund



Investing in your future

## **CENTER OF EXCELLENCE IN CHEMICAL BIOLOGY**

Connects six research groups from University of Tartu and Tallinn University of Technology

The expertise combines:

Molecular modelling

Organic synthesis

Biochemistry

Microbiology

The topics include:

Biochemical mechanisms of antibiotic action and antibiotic resistance

Mechanisms of persister formation and development of antibiotics effective against persisters / biofilms.

## **NATIONAL HEALTH PROGRAMME TOPIC: TRANSFER ROUTES FOR ANTIBIOTIC RESISTANCE**

The aim is to obtain a wider picture on the transfer routes of antibiotic resistance.

The partners include University of Tartu (Institute of Medical Microbiology and Institute of Technology), University of Life Sciences (veterinarians), hospitals.

The sampling includes:

Hospital patients with bacterial infectious diseases

Healthy human carriers

Pig farms: the animals

Pig farms: farm personnel

Pig farms: manure, sludge

Pig farms: leakage from sludge to the ground water

Waste water treatment plants

Lakes and rivers

Dog – dog owner pairs

The strains are being characterized by whole genome sequencing.

# National Health research programme

Appropriate dosing of antibiotics in severe infections  
(PK/PD)

**NATIONAL BIOTECHNOLOGY PROGRAMME TOPIC:  
BETTER DIAGNOSTICS FOR ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE**

The partners include University of Tartu and a SME (Quattromed).

The aim is to develop DNA based detection systems for resistance genes.



## **NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY PROGRAMME TOPIC: DRUG RESIDUES AND NANOPARTICLES IN WASTE WATER**

The topic includes antibiotic residues and spread of resistance genes.

The aim is to evaluate the impact of released pharmaceuticals and resistance genes on the environment.

Improved waste water treatment strategies are being developed.

# COMPETENCE CENTRES PROGRAM

Developing new detection technologies for antibiotic residues in milk.

Toonika Rinken  
Institute of Chemistry  
University of Tartu

Competence Centre for milk biotechnologies

Probiotics

Competence Centre for milk biotechnologies



## FP 7

University of Tartu, Institute of Medical Microbiology is participating  
in projects related to antibiotics and antibiotic resistance:

### NeoMero

“European multicenter network to evaluate pharmacokinetics, safety and efficacy of Meropenem in neonatal sepsis and meningitis”

01.01.2010 – 31.12.2013

### ARPEC

“Antibiotic Resistance and Prescribing in European Children”

01.04.2010 – 31.03 2013

### NeoVanc

“Treatment of late onset bacterial sepsis caused by Vancomycin susceptible bacteria in neonates and infants aged under three months” 01.01.2014-31.12.2017

### Mon4Strat

“Therapeutic Beta-Lactams MONitoring for STRATified and Dose adjusted treatment of hospital-acquired pneumonia: improved efficacy, decreased treatment length, and reduction of emergence of resistance”

01.01.2014-31.12.2017

	ACADEMIC	SME
STUDIES ON THE MECHANISMS OF ACTION OF ANTIMICROBIAL COMPOUNDS	UT	
PRECLINICAL DEVELOPMENT OF NEW ANTIBIOTICS	UT, TUT	
DEVELOPMENT OF ALTERNATIVE TREATMENT STRATEGIES (PROBIOTICS)	UT, EUL	CC Milk
IMPROVING CURRENT PRACTICES / DOSING	UT	
DEVELOPMENT OF NEW DIAGNOSTICS	UT	Quattromed, CC Milk
DEVELOPMENT OF BETTER WASTE WATER TREATMENT STRATEGIES	UT, EUL	
SURVEILLANCE OF RESISTANCE TRASFER ROUTES OF RESISTANCE (HUMAN, ANIMAL, ENVIRONMENT)	UT, EUL	Quattromed

HOSPITALS, SURVEILLANCE INSTITUTIONS AND LABS

**FUTURE ?????**

THE FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME FOR RESEARCH AND INNOVATION

HORIZON 2020



